



QUALIFICATIONS PACK - OCCUPATIONAL STANDARDS FOR ALLIED HEALTHCARE

What are Occupational Standards(OS)?

OS describe what individuals need to do, know and understand in order to carry out a particular job role or function

OS are performance standards that individuals must achieve when carrying out functions in the workplace, together with specifications of the underpinning knowledge and understanding

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Introduction

Qualifications Pack-Dialysis Technician

SECTOR: HEALTHCARE

SUB-SECTOR: Allied Healthcare & Paramedics

OCCUPATION: Dialysis Technician

REFERENCE ID: HSS/Q2701

ALIGNED TO: NCO-2004/3211.5

Dialysis Technician: also referred to as renal dialysis technician, hemodialysis technician, or nephrology technician.

Brief Job Description: Dialysis Technician operates machines and perform dialysis on patients with acute or chronic kidney failure. They work under the supervision of physicians and nurses, primarily in hospitals, clinics, dialysis centers/facilities, some nursing homes, assisted living facilities, and long term care facilities. They are responsible for the operation, cleaning, and sterilisation of the dialysis machines. Dialysis Technicians give patients important medical, technical, social and emotional support and also provide vital information on patient conditions to nurses, doctors, and other medical staff.

Personal Attributes: This job requires the individual to work in collaboration with Doctors ,nurses and other healthcare providers. They must have good communication skills to accurately report and document findings/results of their patients. They should be sensitive to the needs of the patient and be able to establish a good rapport with them.particularly related to cardio vascular system.



Job Details



	Qualifications Pack Code		HSS/Q2701	
L	Job Role		Dialysis Technician	
	Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
	Sector	Health	Drafted on	12/05/2013
	Sub-sector	Allied Health & Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/2013
	Occupation	Dialysis Technician	Next review date	10/12/2016
	NSQC Clearance on		18/05/2015	

Job Role	Dialysis Technician	
Role Description	Operate machines and perform dialysis on patients with acute or chronic kidney failure. They are responsible for the operation, cleaning, and sterilisation of the dialysis machines.	
NSQF level	4	
Minimum Educational Qualifications*	Class XII	
Maximum Educational Qualifications*	Not Applicable	
Training (Suggested but not mandatory)	Not Applicable	
Minimum Job Entry Age	18 years	
Experience	Not Applicable	
Applicable National Occupational Standards (NOS)	 Compulsory: HSS/N2701: Collect and assess the patient's chart and vitals HSS/N2702: Manage dialysis machine set up and assemble the extracorporeal circuit HSS/N2703: Prepare and position the patient for treatment HSS/N2704: Connect patient to the dialysis machine HSS/N2705: Monitor technical/ clinical vitals during the treatment HSS/N2706: Unhook patient from the machine HSS/N2707: Record the treatment HSS/N2708: Conduct pre and post dialysis evaluation HSS/N2709: Maintain and disinfect the delivery system HSS/N2710: Evaluate and prepare the access site for cannulation 11. HSS/N2711: Respond to dialysis related emergencies in patient 	



Qualifications Pack For Dialysis Technician





	and equipment
	12. HSS/N2712: Reprocess dialysers
	13. HSS/N2713: Operate and maintain water treatment plant
14. HSS/N9603: Act within the limits of your competence and authority	
	15. HSS/N9604: Work effectively with others
	16. HSS/N9606: Maintain a safe, healthy and secure environment
	17. HSS/N9609: Follow biomedical waste disposal protocols
	18. HSS/N9610: Follow infection control policies and procedures
	19. HSS.N9611: Monitor and assure quality
	Optional
	N.A
Performance Criteria	As described in the relevant OS units





	Keywords /Terms	Description
Definitions	Core Skills/Generic Skills	Core Skills or Generic Skills are a group of skills that are essential to learning and working in today's world. These skills are typically needed in any work environment. In the context of the OS, these include communication related skills that are applicable to most job roles.
Def	Description	Description gives a short summary of the unit content. This would be helpful to anyone searching on a database to verify that this is the appropriate OS they are looking for.
	Dialysis Technician	Dialysis Technicians operate machines that remove waste and excess fluids from the blood of patients whose kidneys can no longer carry out those functions.
	Function	Function is an activity necessary for achieving the key purpose of the sector, occupation, or area of work, which can be carried out by a person or a group of persons. Functions are identified through functional analysis and form the basis of OS.
	Job role	Job role defines a unique set of functions that together form a unique employment opportunity in an organisation.
	Knowledge and Understanding	Knowledge and Understanding are statements that together specify the technical, generic, professional and organisational specific knowledge that an individual needs in order to perform to the required standard.
	National Occupational Standards (NOS)	NOS are Occupational Standards that apply uniquely in the Indian context.
	Occupation	Occupation is a set of job roles, which perform similar/related set of functions in an industry.
	Occupational Standards (OS)	OS specify the standards of performance an individual must achieve when carrying out a function in the workplace, together with the knowledge and understanding they need to meet that standard consistently. Occupational Standards are applicable both in the Indian and global contexts.
	Organisational Context	Organisational Context includes the way the organisation is structured and how it operates, including the extent of operative knowledge managers have of their relevant areas of responsibility.
	Performance Criteria	Performance Criteria are statements that together specify the standard of performance required when carrying out a task.
	Qualifications Pack Code	Qualifications Pack Code is a unique reference code that identifies a qualifications pack.
	Qualifications Pack(QP)	Qualifications Pack comprises the set of OS, together with the educational, training and other criteria required to perform a job role. A Qualifications Pack is assigned a unique qualification pack code.
	Scope	Scope is the set of statements specifying the range of variables that an individual may have to deal with in carrying out the function which have a critical impact on the quality of performance required.
	Sector	Sector is a conglomeration of different business operations having similar businesses and interests. It may also be defined as a distinct subset of the economy whose components share similar characteristics and interests.





	& ENTREPRENEURSHIP
Sub-functions	Sub-functions are sub-activities essential to fulfil the achieving the objectives of
	the function.





Sub-sector	Sub-sector is derived from a further breakdown based on the characteristics and interests of its components.
Technical Knowledge	Technical Knowledge is the specific knowledge needed to accomplish specific designated responsibilities.
Unit Code	Unit Code is a unique identifier for an OS unit, which can be denoted with 'N'.
Unit Title	Unit Title gives a clear overall statement about what the incumbent should be able to do.
Vertical	Vertical may exist within a sub-sector representing different domain areas or the client industries served by the industry.
Keywords /Terms	Description
Keywords /Terms IV	Description Intra venous
IV	Intra venous
IV NOS	Intra venous National Occupational Standard(s)
IV NOS NVEQF	Intra venous National Occupational Standard(s) National Vocational Education Qualifications Framework
IV NOS NVEQF NSQF	Intra venous National Occupational Standard(s) National Vocational Education Qualifications Framework National Skills Qualifications Framework



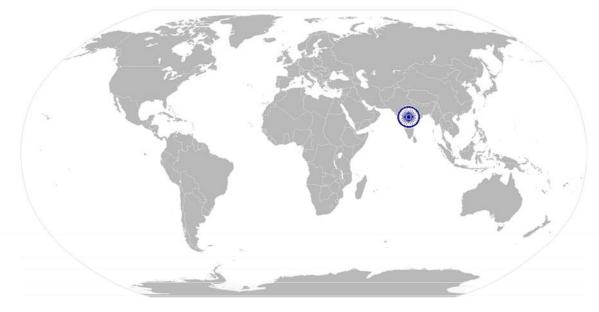






Collect and assess the patient's chart and vitals

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This OS unit is about checking the patient's chart and vital signs prior to starting the treatment of dialysis.









Collect and assess the patient's chart and vitals

Unit Code	HSS/N2701
Unit Title	
(Tack)	Collect and assess the patient's chart and vitals
Description	This OS unit is about checking the patient's chart and vital signs prior to start the
	treatment of dialysis.
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:
	Reading and understanding the values mentioned in the report of the patient
	,Checking and documenting the vital parameters such as non-invasive blood
	pressure, body temperature, body weight, oxygen saturation of blood (SPO2),
	breathing rate, ECG etc. as appropriate, of the patient before starting the dialysis
	Interacting with : Patients suffering from acute or chronic renal failure with or
	without other complications People within same Hospital/Clinic/ health care
	unit Renal specialists, nurses, other technicians and staff
Performance Crit	eria(PC) w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:
	PC1. Read and understand the patients' reports
	PC2. Take measurements of non-invasive blood pressure, body temperature, body
	weight, breathing rate and/or other vital parameters, as appropriate PC3. Recognise the levels of vital parameters under which dialysis can be
	performed safely
	PC4. Identify and manage potential and actual risks to the quality and safety of
	work
	PC5. Maintain competence within one's role and field of practice
	PC6. Evaluate and reflect on the quality of one's work and make continuing
	improvements
Knowledge and U	Inderstanding (K)
A. Organizationa	
-	
Context	KA1. The relevant hierarchy of doctors, nurses and other staff of the renal care
Context	KA1. The relevant hierarchy of doctors, nurses and other staff of the renal care team
(Knowledge of	team KA2. The procedure that should be followed while communicating and
(Knowledge of the company /	team KA2. The procedure that should be followed while communicating and documenting the findings prior to the dialysis process
(Knowledge of the company / organization a	 team KA2. The procedure that should be followed while communicating and documenting the findings prior to the dialysis process KA3. Medical procedures and knowledge of using the relevant medical equipment
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(Knowledge of the company / organization a its processes)	team KA2. The procedure that should be followed while communicating and documenting the findings prior to the dialysis process KA3. Medical procedures and knowledge of using the relevant medical equipment KA4. The procedure for accessing training, learning and development needs for oneself and/or others within one's organisation
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(Knowledge of the company / organization a its processes) B. Technical	teamKA2. The procedure that should be followed while communicating and documenting the findings prior to the dialysis processKA3. Medical procedures and knowledge of using the relevant medical equipment KA4. The procedure for accessing training, learning and development needs for oneself and/or others within one's organisationThe user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. The significance of the medical reports describing the patients' condition KB2. The values of the vital parameters under which dialysis can be safely performed KB3. The method of measuring vital parameters accurately KB4. The sources of information that can be accessed to maintain an awareness of
(Knowledge of the company / organization a its processes) B. Technical	teamKA2. The procedure that should be followed while communicating and documenting the findings prior to the dialysis processKA3. Medical procedures and knowledge of using the relevant medical equipment KA4. The procedure for accessing training, learning and development needs for oneself and/or others within one's organisationThe user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. The significance of the medical reports describing the patients' condition KB2. The values of the vital parameters under which dialysis can be safely performed KB3. The method of measuring vital parameters accurately KB4. The sources of information that can be accessed to maintain an awareness of research and development in one's area of work
(Knowledge of the company / organization a its processes) B. Technical	teamKA2. The procedure that should be followed while communicating and documenting the findings prior to the dialysis processKA3. Medical procedures and knowledge of using the relevant medical equipment KA4. The procedure for accessing training, learning and development needs for oneself and/or others within one's organisationThe user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. The significance of the medical reports describing the patients' condition KB2. The values of the vital parameters under which dialysis can be safely performed KB3. The method of measuring vital parameters accurately KB4. The sources of information that can be accessed to maintain an awareness of









HSS/N2701	Collect and assess the patient's chart and vitals
	 c. Poor communication d. Insufficient support e. Lack of resources KB6. The importance of reporting and minimising risk KB7. The right person to be contacted in case patients' chart / vitals are not within the prescribed limits for undertaking dialysis
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/ Generic Skills	Writing SkillsThe user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:SA1. Write at least one local/ official language used in the local communitySA2. Document and report findings related to patients' conditionSA3. Prepare status and progress reportsSA4. Record daily activities that are being performedSA5. Document the readings/measurements as per the protocolReading SkillsThe user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:SA6. Read and understand medical reports
	 SA7. Keep abreast with the latest knowledge by reading most recommended values of blood parameters and other vitals with reference to the functioning of kidneys Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills) The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA8. Discuss medical reports and patients' condition with co-workers SA9. Interact with patient appropriately in order to understand the nature of the complaint or request SA10. Keep patient informed about procedures SA11. Avoid using jargon, slang or acronyms when communicating with a patient SA12. Promote and demonstrate good communication practice as an individual and as a team member at all times
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. Make decisions pertaining to the concerned area of work in relation to job role Plan and Organize The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB2. How to plan and organise activities that are assigned Customer Centricity The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB3. Communicate effectively with patient and their family, physicians, and other members of the team SB4. Listen in a responsive and empathetic manner to establish rapport SB5. Show sensitivity while checking vitals, towards the pain /discomfort of the patient









Collect and assess the patient's chart and vitals

Problem Solving
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB6. Think through problems, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an
optimum /best possible solution(s)
SB7. Deal with patient until attended by other care providers and try to address
any concern with acquired clinical knowledge
SB8. Identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays
Analytical Thinking
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB9. Integrate historical, physical, social, and ancillary data into differential
diagnosis in relation to dialysis
SB10. Recognise indications for various diagnostic tests and treatment modalities -
from medication to surgery
SB11. Perform various procedures, such as lumbar punctures and inserting
intravenous catheters and able to think through medical issues and exhibit
sound judgment in a variety of clinical settings, including emergency
situations
SB12. Make concise, prompt, cogent, and thorough presentations based on various
kinds of data collection
SB13. Function effectively as part of the renal care team
CriticalThinking
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB14. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from the patients
chart as well as by measuring the vitals, as a guide to thought and action prior
to initiating dialysis

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NOS Code		HSS/2701	
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	Dialysis Technician	Next review date	24/12/16



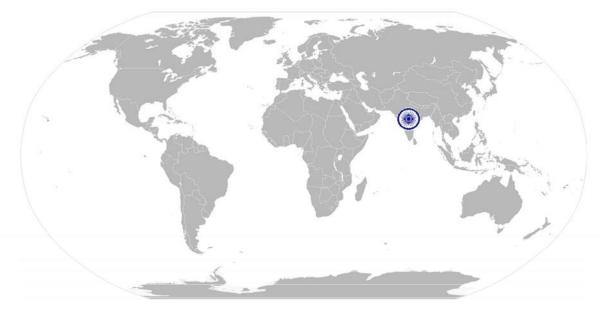




HSS/N2702 Manage dialysis machine set up and assemble the extracorporeal circuit

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National Occupational Standard



Overview

This OS unit is about setting up the dialysis machine. The purpose of dialysis is to remove waste from the blood of patients suffering from chronic or acute renal failure.







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Manage dialysis machine set up and assemble the extracorporeal circuit HSS/N2702

Unit Code	HSS/N2702				
Unit Title					
(Tack)	Manage dialysis machine set up and assemble the extracorporeal circuit				
Description	This OS unit is about setting up the dialysis machine and assembling the extracorporeal circuit. The purpose of dialysis is to remove waste from the blood of patients suffering from chronic or acute renal failure				
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:				
	 The technology, functioning, calibration, and sterilisation of dialysis machines according to their: , Type/ brand ,Frequency and duration of use Maintaining the components fordoing dialysis such as dialysate, heparin, purified water etc. as required and in adequate amounts 				
Performance Criteria	(PC) w.r.t. the Scope				
Element	Performance Criteria				
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job: PC1. Needs to know and understand the mechanics and functioning of all parts of the dialysis machine being used PC2. Should know how to calibrate the machine without error PC3. Should ensure that the dialysis unit has been sterilised after previous use PC4. Should ensure that all the components required are adequately present PC5. Should know how to assemble and check the extracorporeal circuit parts i.e. the patient connectors, Dialyzer connectors, Drip chamber and bubble trap, Blood pump segment, Heparin infusion line, and saline infusion line				
Knowledge and Unde	Knowledge and Understanding (K)				
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. The terms of reference agreed upon with the manufacturer regarding care and maintenance of the machine KA2. The procedure and importance of calibration and sterilisation as per the protocols KA3. How to and whom to inform in case of observing something unusual about the machine KA4. The relevant protocols, good practices, standards, policies and procedures to be Followed				
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. How the machine helps to remove wastes from the blood KB2. The need and procedure for calibration KB3. How to sterilise the unit KB4. The basic functionalities of the applications and components that are used during the process KB5. How to check the extracorporeal circuit blood pressure alarm to ensure that it works properly before each treatment KB6. How to check the extracorporeal blood tubing parts				







HSS/N2702	Manage dialysis machine set up and assemble the extracorporeal circuit
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Sk	Skills (S)		
Α.	Core Skills/	Writing Skills	
	Generic Skills	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Record the calibration of the machine with relevant details SA2. Record the observations made during sterilisation and set up	
		ReadingSkills	
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA3. Read the brochure/manual of the dialysis unit and interpret it correctly SA4. Comprehend important instructions mentioned regarding setting up of the machine	
		Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)	
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA5. Discuss the procedure of care and maintenance of dialysis machine with the company representative and/or senior technician/bio-medical engineer	
В.	Professional	Decision Making	
	Skills	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. Make decisions regarding the most appropriate practices with respect to care and functioning of the machine SB2. Apply best practices in existing processes to drive improvements Plan and Organize The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB3. How to plan and organise the scheduled maintenance Customer Centricity The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB4. Calibrate and set up the machine in order to provide better treatment SB5. Reassure the patient and their attendants that the dialysis unit has been well sterilised Problem Solving	
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB6. Interpret any unusual readings of the machine and contact the concerned person to take remedial steps Analytical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB7. Assist in interpreting the observations and design a solution for that Critical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,	

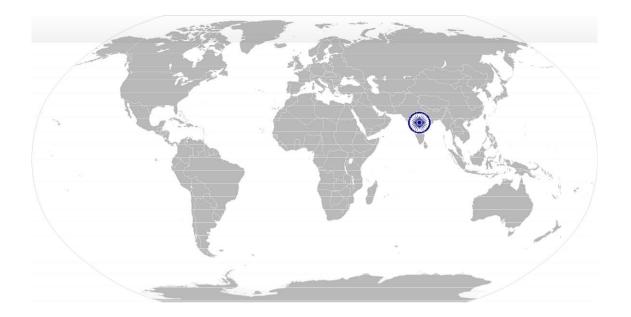






HSS/N2702 Manage dialysis machine set up and assemble the extracorporeal circuit

NOS Code		HSS/2702	
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	Dialysis Technician	Next review date	24/12/16











Prepare and position the patient for treatment

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This OS unit is about correctly draping and positioning the patient for starting dialysis. The purpose of proper draping and positioning is to facilitate connecting the patient to the dialysis unit, at the same time ensuring adequate patient comfort and privacy.









Prepare and position the patient for treatment

Unit Code	HSS/N2703
Unit Title	
(Tock) Description	Prepare and position the patient for treatment This OS unit is about correctly draping and positioning the patient for starting dialysis. The purpose of proper draping and positioning is to facilitate connecting the patient to the dialysis unit, at the same time ensure adequate patient comfort and privacy
Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: The dialysis technician needs to know the appropriate linen including covering sheet needed depending on the patient (male, female, child), Assist in draping the patient and moving them on the bed/couch without disturbing catheters or any other IV line already in place, Ensure patient comfort and privacy
Performance Criteria	(PC) w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Maintain patients' privacy PC2. Drape the patient such that it facilitates connecting the patient to the dialysis unit PC3. Explain the need to dress and be placed in particular position for dialysis to patient PC4. Perform actions gently to avoid causing pain specially taking care to not disturb any catheters, IV lines already present PC5. Keep the patient in a comfortable posture PC6. Provide the appropriate linen including covering sheet depending on the patient (male, female, child) and should know from where to obtain the same
Knowledge and Unde	rstanding (K)
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to: KA1. Follow the provider's or organisation instructions about draping and positioning the patient KA2. Know and understand the relevant protocols, good practices, standards, policies and procedures
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. How to drape the patient appropriately KB2. How to position the patient comfortably KB3. How to modify the general protocol for patients with additional/special requirements (e.g. for cardiac patients, physically handicapped persons etc.) KB4. How to use personal protective gear while draping and positioning contagious and infected patients KB5. How to make sure that proper procedures and processes are followed









Prepare and position the patient for treatment

Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills
Generic Skill	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Record any observation made during the procedure
	ReadingSkills
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:SA2. Read the doctor/nurse instructions and interpret it correctlySA3. Comprehend important instructions mentioned in the clinical notesOral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA4. Discuss the procedure with the patient and make him feel comfortable SA5. Answer patient's queries regarding their draping and positioning needs
B. Professional	Decision Making
Skills	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. Make decisions regarding the best way to perform draping and positioning depending upon the patient's condition SB2. Apply best practices in existing processes to drive improvements SB3. Modify procedures to prevent spread of infection
	Plan and Organize
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB4. Plan and organise the scheduled maintenance
	Customer Centricity
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. Build rapport with patient and attendant SB6. Use patient centric approach and make the patient feel comfortable SB7. Ensure patient privacy
	Problem Solving
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. Interpret the patient needs related to draping and positioning and provide solution compassionately SB9. Modify general techniques for patients in distress while ensuring infection control protocol
	Analytical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB10. Interpret observations and report them SB11. Use the existing experience for improving the comfort during the process
	Critical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB12. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action

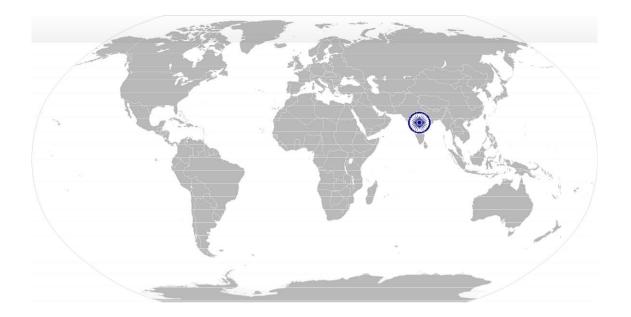






Prepare and position the patient for treatment

NOS Code		HSS/2703	
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	Dialysis Technician	Next review date	24/12/16





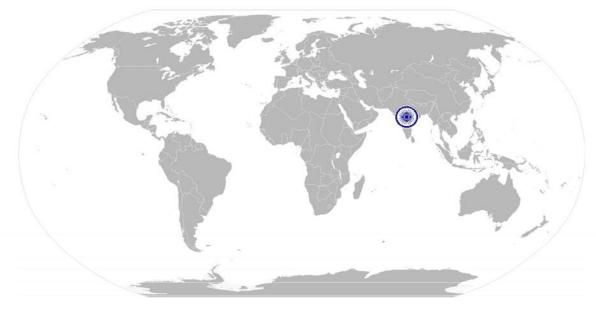






Connect patient to the dialysis machine

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This OS unit is about connecting the patient to the dialysis unit by inserting IV lines carefully, or utilising catheters already present in patient's body for this purpose and then initiating the dialysis process.









Connect patient to the dialysis machine

Unit Code	HSS/N2704
Unit Title	
(Tack)	Connect patient to the dialysis machine
Description	This OS unit is about connecting the patient to the dialysis unit by inserting IV lines carefully, or utilising catheters already present in patient's body for this purpose and then initiating the dialysis process. The IV tubing is inserted by making an incision in the arm or limb of the patient and for patients already having a catheter in place for dialysis, the correct tubings are attached and connected to the specified points on the dialysis unit.
Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Perform the procedure for inserting IV lines at appropriate places and be able to carry out the same while causing minimum inconvenience to the patient ,perform the procedure to initiate the dialysis process
Performance Criteria	(PC) w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
Perform the procedure for inserting IV lines at appropriate places and be able to carry out the same while causing minimum inconvenience to the patient , perform the procedure to initiate the dialysis process	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must : PC1. Use standard protocols for inserting IV lines and making connections to prevent infection and reduce discomfort to the patient PC2. Understand how to utilise existing catheters for performing dialysis PC3. Be aware of the protocol of starting the dialysis PC4. Minimise inconvenience and pain for the patient while performing the procedure
Knowledge and Unde	rstanding (K)
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. The importance of following the right procedure for inserting IV lines KA2. The protocol for starting dialysis KA3. Whom to inform in case of observing something which is clinically important KA4. Relevant protocols, good practices, standards, policies and procedures KA5. The protocol for contacting the senior technician/ physician/nurse in case of difficulty in insertion
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. How to make incisions on the limb of the patient for inserting IV lines with minimum discomfort KB2. How to use existing catheters without causing additional discomfort KB3. The purpose and functioning of the different connections KB4. The appropriate method for starting the dialysis KB5. How to manage additional equipment like other catheters or IV lines while performing the task KB6. The tubings that are required to be connected to the dialysis unit









Connect patient to the dialysis machine

		KB7. How to operate the machine after making proper connections in order to
		initiate dialysis
Skills	s (S)	
A. C	Core Skills/	Writing Skills
G	Generic Skills	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Record observations made during the procedure SA2. Identify and record the change in patient's behaviour or pain experienced during the procedure Reading Skills
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
		SA3. Read the doctor/nurse instructions and clinical reports SA4. Comprehend important instructions mentioned in the user manual of the dialysis machine
		Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA5. Discuss the procedure with the patient and make him feel comfortable SA6. Answer the patient's queries regarding the IV lines, tubings and other equipment SA7. Communicate any significant findings to the concerned physician/nurse
B. P	rofessional	Decision Making
Skills	skills	The user/individual on the job needs to: SB1. Make decisions regarding the appropriate size and type of catheter/ IV tubing to be used SB2. Make decisions regarding the incision e.g. on which limb/body part an incision can be made SB3. Apply best practices in existing processes to minimise spread of infection and reduce pain
		Plan and Organize
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB4. Steps involved in making correct connections and starting the dialysis SB5. How to ensure patient is comfortable and cooperative during the process SB6. The subsequent actions which will be needed when dialysis is in progress Customer Centricity
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and ensure that: SB7. All IV lines, catheters, tubings are in place, functional and are of suitable size for the patient SB8. The dressing procedure is carried out appropriately so as to minimise pain SB9. Patient privacy is maintained
		Problem Solving The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
		SB10. Interpret the patient needs related to inserting and using catheters and provide solution compassionately SB11. Prevent spread of infection to other parts by using appropriate technique









Connect patient to the dialysis machine

AnalyticalThinking
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB12. Use the existing experience for improving the comfort during the process
CriticalThinking
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB13. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,
experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action

Industry Sub-sector Allied Health and Paramedics Last reviewed on 22/05/13	NOS Code		HSS/2704	
Industry Sub-sectorAllied Health and ParamedicsLast reviewed on22/05/13OccupationDialysis TechnicianNext review date24/12/16	Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry Sub-sectorParamedicsLast reviewed on22/05/13OccupationDialysis TechnicianNext review date24/12/16	Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
	Industry Sub-sector	the and l	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
	Occupation	Dialysis Technician	Next review date	24/12/16









Monitor technical/ clinical vitals during the treatment

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This OS unit is about monitoring the patients' vital signs while undergoing dialysis by the dialysis technician. The purpose of monitoring is make sure that the various vital parameters like temperature, blood pressure, oxygen saturation, breathing rate, rate of blood flow etc. are within acceptable limits during the dialysis treatment.









Monitor technical/ clinical vitals during the treatment

Unit Code	HSS/N2705
Unit Title	
(Tack)	Monitor technical/clinical vitals during the treatment
Description	This OS unit is about monitoring the patients' vital signs while undergoing dialysis by the dialysis technician. The purpose of monitoring is to make sure that the various vital parameters like temperature, blood pressure, blood flow, oxygen saturation, breathing rate etc. are within acceptable limits while dialysis is going on.
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:
	 Measuring the important parameters like blood pressure, temperature, rat of blood flow, proper mixture of dialysate, presence of air bubbles, Maintaining patient's comfort
Performance Criteria(PC)	w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
Measuring the important parameters like blood pressure, temperature, rate of blood flow, proper	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must : PC1. Understand the various indicators, alarms and sensors of the dialysis machine PC2. Know the corrective steps to be taken when a particular alarm goes off PC3. Be alert and quick in his/her responses PC4. Know whom and how to inform in case of medical emergency
mixture of dialysate, presence of air bubbles, Maintaining patient's comfort	
Knowledge and Understa	nding (K)
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. The importance of various patient parameters and how they are measured KA2. Whom to inform and contact in case of emergency as per the protocols KA3. Relevant protocols, good practices, standards, policies and procedures KA4. The protocol to contact the concerned physician or nurse in case the patients' vitals remain out of limit inspite of appropriate action by the technician
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. How the dialysis machine maintains and monitors blood pressure, blood flow, presence of air, proper mixture of dialysate etc. KB2. What the different alarms and beeps, blinking lights signify KB3. How to take appropriate corrective action KB4. The danger which could result from absence of corrective steps KB5. The appropriate corrective action to be taken when an alarm goes off KB6. How to maintain these parameters within permitted limits during dialysis KB7. To keep the patient comfortable during dialysis
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/ Generic	Writing Skills
Skills	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:









	SA2. Record and report all alarms and actions taken during the dialysis
	ReadingSkills
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA3. Read and understand the functioning of the dialysis unit as given in the
	manufacturers manual or brochure SA4. Comprehend important instructions mentioned in patients 'clinical notes
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA5. Respond to patients questions during the dialysis process SA6. Communicate any significant unusual findings to the physician and/or senior technician
. Professional Skills	Decision Making
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. Recognise and rectify the cause of any signal/alarm SB2. Pace the processes to keep patient comfortable SB3. Contact the physician when it is necessary
	Plan and Organize
	The user/individual on the job needs to: SB4. Plan and be prepared to carry out the corrective steps as needed SB5. Check if all the components and constituents of the dialysis unit are in functional order and organised before starting
	Customer Centricity
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and ensure that: SB6. Patient is comfortable during the process SB7. Patient does not panic at the sound of an alarm
	Problem Solving
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. Interpret the alarms / signals of the machine during dialysis and take appropriate action
	Analytical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB9. Interpret an unusual signal and report it
	SB10. Use appropriate techniques to take remedial action Critical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB11. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action





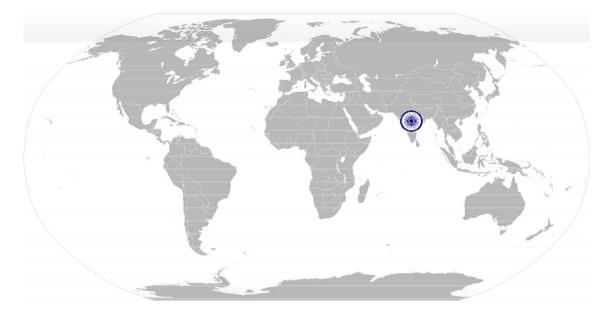


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HSS/N2705

Monitor technical/ clinical vitals during the treatment

NOS Code	HSS/2705		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	Dialysis Technician	Next review date	24/12/16











Unhook patient from the machine

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This OS unit is about unhooking the patient from the machine by the dialysis technician after the dialysis has been completed. The purpose of unhooking is to disconnect the patient from the dialysis machine by detaching the tubings and other connecting lines from the limb of the patient.









Unhook patient from the machine

Unhook patient from the machine Description This OS unit is about unhooking the patient from the machine by the dialysis technician after the dialysis has been completed. The purpose of unhooking is to disconnect the patient from the dialysis machine by detaching the tubings and connecting lines from the limb of the patient. Scope This unit/task covers the following: • Perform procedure to disconnect the patient when the dialysis session complete and it is appropriate to disconnect , Perform the procedure to remove the IV cannula from the patients' limb or cover it with suitable		
technician after the dialysis has been completed. The purpose of unhooking is the disconnect the patient from the dialysis machine by detaching the tubings and the connecting lines from the limb of the patient. Scope This unit/task covers the following: • Perform procedure to disconnect the patient when the dialysis session complete and it is appropriate to disconnect , Perform the procedure to disconnect and the procedure to disconnect of the patient when the dialysis session complete and it is appropriate to disconnect and the patient when the procedure to disconnect of the patient when the patient when the patient when the patient disconnect of the patient disconnect of the patient disconnect of the patient disconnect disc		
 Perform procedure to disconnect the patient when the dialysis session complete and it is appropriate to disconnect , Perform the procedure to 		
dressing for future use depending upon the doctors' instructions		
Performance Criteria(PC) w.r.t. the Scope		
Element Performance Criteria		

Element	Performance Criteria
Perform procedure to disconnect the patient when the dialysis session is complete and it is appropriate to disconnect , Perform the procedure to remove the IV cannula from the patients' limb or cover it with suitable dressing	Performance Criteria To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Know when dialysis is completed PC2. Detach all connections between patient and unit PC3. Carefully remove IV cannulas with minimum discomfort to patient PC4. Suitably dress the canola/ catheter to keep it sterile and pain- free for future use if the doctor/nurse instructs PC5. Understand needs of the patient and help them to be comfortable
for future use depending upon the doctors' instructions	ding (I/)
Knowledge and Understan	
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to: KA1. Follow relevant protocols, good practices, standards, policies and procedures for removing / dressing cannulas and catheters KA2. Inform doctor/nurse in case a difficulty arises during unhooking or if patient feels uneasy as per protocol
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. The signal/sound from machine to indicate completion of dialysis KB2. The protocol for disconnecting KB3. The technique for removing / putting a dressing on cannulas or catheters KB4. That the procedure is done in a manner which prevents infection
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/ Generic Skills	Writing Skills Not Applicable









Unhook patient from the machine

	ReadingSkills
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Record important instruction like keeping of cannula or catheter and follow them correctly
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)
	The user/individual on the job needs to: SA2. Understand and know how to respond to patient's needs in coming back to a comfortable position SA3. Answer patients' queries compassionately
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. Identify the signals from the dialysis machine which indicate completion of the process SB2. Follow correct protocols for disconnecting tubings SB3. Use right techniques for removing / dressing IV cannulas and catheters SB4. Modify procedures to keep patient more comfortable
	Plan and Organize
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB5. How to plan and organise the movement of patient i.e. for immobile patient, keep a wheel chair or stretcher near and help patient to move onto it
	Customer Centricity
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB6. Perform all procedures gently to avoid causing pain to patient SB7. Be quick and alert to patients' needs
	Problem Solving
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. Identify unusual observations regarding site of catheter or IV line and report them SB9. Assist the patient in getting into a comfortable position
	Analytical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB10. Interpret machine signals for process completion and act subsequently SB11. Assist immobile patients to attain a comfortable position after dialysis Critical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB12. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action



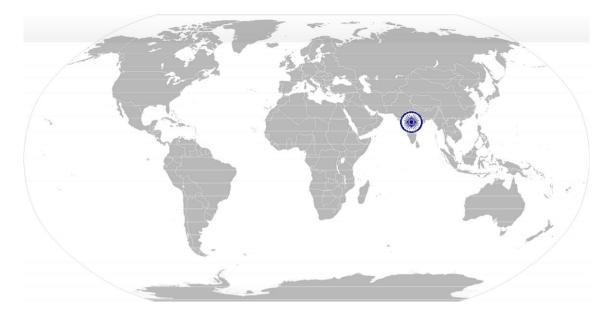






Unhook patient from the machine

NOS Code	HSS/2706		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	Dialysis Technician	Next review date	24/12/16











Record the treatment

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This OS unit is about documenting the performed dialysis treatment on the patient's chart by the dialysis technician. The purpose of documenting is to have a record of the procedures being performed on the patient which would help in further treatment options.









Record the treatment

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Unit Code	HSS/N2707
Unit Title (Task)	Record the treatment
Description	This OS unit is about documenting the performed dialysis treatment on the patient's chart by the dialysis technician. The purpose of documenting is to have a record of the procedures being performed on the patient which would help in further treatment options.
Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Recording the dialysis procedure on the medical report/chart of the patient
Performance Criteria(PC)	w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
Recording the dialysis procedure on the medical report/chart of the patient	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Follow the right format for documenting the dialysis on the patient's chart PC2. Record the components/ constituents and their quantities used PC3. Understand the importance of documenting the procedure on the patient's chart PC4. Record the quantity and type of constituents like dialysate, acid mixture etc. used during the process
Knowledge and Understan	ding (K)
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. The relevant protocol and format for documenting treatments in the clinical records of the patient
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand. KB1. How to document the procedure in a clear concise manner KB2. How to include the relevant details in the documentation KB3. The name and type of the constituents used during the process KB4. How to make note of the time taken for the procedure
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/ Generic	Writing Skills
Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Record treatment on the patient's chart in the proper format without any language errors
	ReadingSkills
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA2. Read, understand and interpret the clinical notes and know where to document the performed dialysis









Record the treatment

Not Applicable Decision Making The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB1. How to document the procedure and include relevant details in the prescribed format Plan and Organize The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB2. How to organise the patient's report for doctors reference SB3. Which details need to be documented on the patient's chart Customer Centricity The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB4. Be meticulous in documenting the procedure knowing that it would have
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB1. How to document the procedure and include relevant details in the prescribed format Plan and Organize The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB2. How to organise the patient's report for doctors reference SB3. Which details need to be documented on the patient's chart Customer Centricity The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
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Plan and Organize The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: GB2. How to organise the patient's report for doctors reference GB3. Which details need to be documented on the patient's chart Customer Centricity The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
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GB2. How to organise the patient's report for doctors reference GB3. Which details need to be documented on the patient's chart Customer Centricity The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB3. Which details need to be documented on the patient's chart Customer Centricity The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
Customer Centricity The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
•
B4. Be meticulous in documenting the procedure knowing that it would have
consequences on future treatment options for the patient
Problem Solving
Not Applicable
Analytical Thinking
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
B5. Document the procedure using prescribed protocols and format
Critical Thinking
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB6. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,
experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action

NOS Code	HSS/2707		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	Dialysis Technician	Next review date	24/12/16



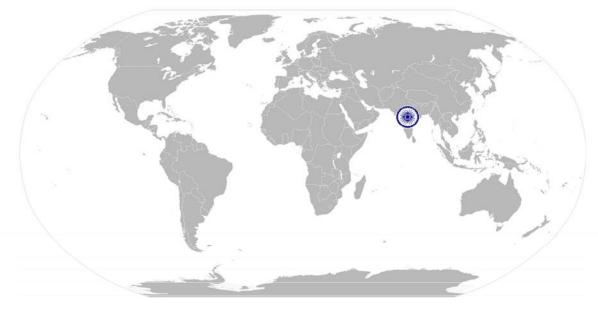






Conduct pre and post dialysis evaluation

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This OS unit is about observing, documenting and reporting any change in patient's condition by the dialysis technician during and after dialysis. Observing and reporting changes is necessary to ensure that patient is comfortable and stable and that dialysis has been well tolerated.









Conduct pre and post dialysis evaluation

Unit Code	HSS/N2708
Unit Title	
(Tack)	Conduct pre and post dialysis evaluation
Description	This OS unit is about observing, documenting and reporting any change in patient's condition by the dialysis technician before, during and after dialysis. Observing and reporting changes is necessary to ensure that patient is comfortable and stable and that dialysis has been well tolerated
Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Observing the patient before and during dialysis and make note of any change in blood pressure, body temperature, breathlessness or any other symptom expressed by the patient, Communicate the observed changes to the doctor/nurse, Documenting the changes / symptoms as well as remedial actions taken for future reference
Performance Criteria(PC) v	v.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
Knowledge and Understan A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must: PC1. Read and understand the patients' reports PC2. Take measurements of non-invasive blood pressure, body temperature, body weight, breathing rate and/or other vital parameters, as appropriate PC3. Recognise the levels of vital parameters under which dialysis can be performed safely PC4. Be alert in noticing any change or distress in the patient during or after dialysis PC5. Communicate effectively with patient, doctors and nurses to enable quick remedial action PC6. Document the changes as per protocol
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. How to observe and identify changes in patient's condition KB2. The method for proper documentation KB3. How to effectively communicate the observed symptoms and assist in providing remedial measures as appropriate
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/ Generic	Writing Skills
Skills	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Record and report the observations and symptoms of the patient using the right protocol









Conduct pre and post dialysis evaluation

	ReadingSkills
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA2. Follow instructions as specified in the patient file
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA3. Listen carefully to what patient is saying / trying to express
	SA4. Communicate patient's condition in an efficient, timely and effective manner
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB1. The change in patient's condition as observed or expressed by the patient and what they signify SB2. How to communicate to the concerned person and send across the message quickly
	Plan and Organize
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
	SB3. How to record and document patient's symptoms in a planned manner SB4. How to formulate and structure message correctly for communicating with other co-workers
	Customer Centricity
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. Be a good listener and be sensitive to patient
	Problem Solving
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB6. Communicate and document changes in the right manner SB7. Give feedback when required
	Analytical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. Communicate a message related to patient care effectively and promptly to a co-worker
	Critical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB9. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action



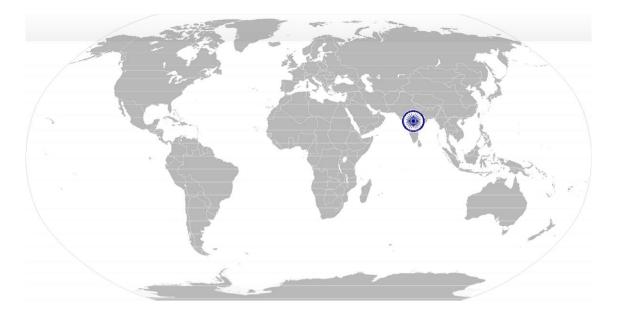






Conduct pre and post dialysis evaluation

NOS Code	HSS/2708		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	Dialysis Technician	Next review date	24/12/16











Maintain and disinfect the delivery system

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This OS unit is about aftercare and cleaning of the machine by the dialysis technician to be ready for the next use. Aftercare & cleaning of the dialysis unit is necessary to keep it sterile and maintain its accuracy and functionality for subsequent use.









Maintain and disinfect the delivery system

Unit Code	HSS/N2709		
Unit Title (Task)	Maintain and disinfect the delivery system		
Description	This OS unit is about aftercare and cleaning of the machine by the dialysis technician and prepare it for the next patient. Aftercare & cleaning of the dialysis unit is necessary to keep it sterile and maintain its accuracy and functionality for subsequent use.		
Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Performing the standard procedure for cleaning the different parts using appropriate cleaning agents , Performing procedures to keep the unit sterile and functional 		
Performance Criteria(PC) v	v.r.t. the Scope		
Element	Performance Criteria		
Performing the standard procedure for cleaning the different parts using appropriate cleaning agents, Performing procedures to keep the unit sterile and functional	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Clean up any spillage PC2. Know when the dialysate, dialyzer or other constituents need to be replaced PC3. Follow standard sterilisation and cleaning procedure for the unit PC4. Disinfect dialysis machine according to the manufacturer's recommendations PC5. The dialysate circuit should be exposed to disinfectant		
Knowledge and Understan	ding (K)		
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. What are the standard procedures for cleaning and sterilization of the machine/unit KA2. Where to obtain supplies of cleaning agents and reusable parts KA3. About the servicing policies adopted by the organisation		
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. The cleaning and maintenance procedures of the machine KB2. How the reused bicarbonate/acid containers be disinfected between use KB3. How to disinfect the system using disinfectants and rinse solutions KB4. How to rinse machines between chemicals and before a dialysis session KB5. The Dead space is needed between dialysate effluent line and drain KB6. Which parts need replacement and how to do it KB7. How to undertake sterilisation of the unit KB8. The components of the dialysis unit and their functioning		
Skills (S)			
A. Core Skills/ Generic Skills	Writing Skills The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Record and report cleaning and sterilisation procedures performed		
	Reading Skills The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA2. Follow instructions on the user manual/brochure of the machine		









HSS/N2709	Maintain and disinfect the delivery system		
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA3. Communicate any unusual findings regarding machine components or		
	sterilisation to the bio-medical engineer or senior technician		
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making		
	The user/individual on the job needs to:		
	SB1. Identify components which need to be replaced		
	SB2. Know which type of observations regarding machine-care need to be reported		
	immediately		
	Plan and Organize		
	The user/individual on the job needs to:		
	SB3. Plan and organise the cleaning and sterilisation process as per the schedule		
	Customer Centricity		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know:		
	SB4. The importance of cleaning and sterilisation to prevent the spread of infection		
	Problem Solving		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB5. Handle any accidental spillage or contamination of the unit		
	Analytical Thinking		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB6. Perform cleaning and sterilisation procedures in a meticulous manner		
	Critical Thinking		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB7. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,		
	experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action		

NOS Code	HSS/2709		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	DialysisTechnician	Next review date	24/12/16



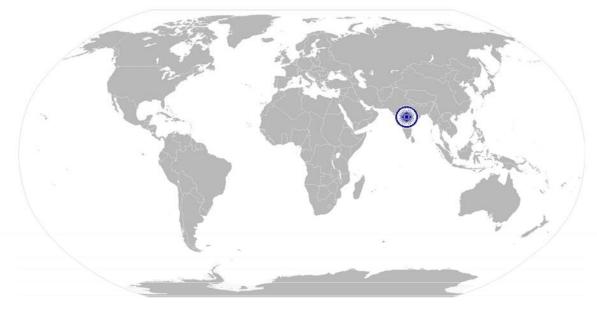






Evaluate and prepare the site for cannulation

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This OS unit describes the knowledge, understanding, skills required of a Dialysis Technician for evaluating and preparing a site for vascular access and cannulation prior to initiating dialysis.









Evaluate and prepare the site for cannulation

Unit Code	HSS/N2710
Unit Title	
(Tack)	Evaluate and prepare the site for cannulation
Description	This OS unit is about evaluating the vascular access site and cannulating prior to initiation of the dialysis treatment of a patient.
Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Evaluating the vascular access site , Cannulating the patient
Performance Criteria(PC)	w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
Element Evaluating the vascular access site , Cannulating the patient	Performance CriteriaTo be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:PC1. Describe the three main types of vascular access (fistulae, grafts and catheters)PC2. Identify the predialysis assessments for all types of vascular access.PC3. Describe the methods of needle insertion for AVFs and grafts.PC4. Describe the predialysis assessment, accessing procedure, exit site care, and monitoring of cathetersPC5. Describe how fistulae are created and the pros and cons of thesePC6. Assess the maturity of a fistulaPC7. Describe how grafts are created and the pros and cons of thesePC8. Describe how catheters are placed and the various methods of catheter placement (both short and long term)PC9. Describe the types of catheter and port/catheter devicesPC10. Describe the types of catheter and port/catheter devicesPC11. Assess a fistula or graft prior to each treatment by inspecting (looking for infection, steal syndrome, stenosis, etc.), auscultating (listening for bruit and deep access location), and palpating (feeling for skin temperature, thrill, stenosis, vein diameter etc.) the accessPC12. Assess the blood flow before inserting a needle into the fistula/ graft PC13. Assess catheters prior to dialysis treatmentPC14. Describe the various methods for preparing a patient's skin for cannulation PC16. Prepare a patient's skin for cannulation using anti-bacterial solutionsPC14. Describe the concept of Antegrade and retrograde needle directionPC2. Assess the blood flow to rotate cannulation using anti-bacterial solutionsPC14. Describe the concept of Antegrade and retrograde needle directionPC16. Prepare a patient's skin for cannulation sites for fist









Evaluate and prepare the site for cannulation

Knowledge and Understan	ding (K)
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. Clinical practice guidelines for vascular access KA2. Clinical guidelines for preparing a site for vascular access KA3. Where to obtain supplies of cleaning agents and reusable parts
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. The three main types of vascular access (fistulae, grafts and catheters) KB2. The process for predialysis assessments for all types of vascular access. KB3. The methods of needle insertion for AVFs and grafts. KB4. The process for predialysis assessment, accessing procedure, exit site care, and monitoring of catheters KB5. How fistulae are created and the pros and cons of these KB6. How to assess the maturity of a fistula KB7. How grafts are created and the pros and cons of these KB6. How to assess the maturity of a fistula KB7. How grafts are created and the various methods of catheter placement (both short and long term) KB9. The pros and cons of catheters KB10. The types of catheter and port/catheter devices KB11. How to assess a fistula or graft prior to each treatment by inspecting (looking for infection, steal syndrome, stenosis(erd.), auscultating (listening for bruit and deep access location), and palpating (feeling for skin temperature, thrill, stenosis, vein diameter etc.) the access KB12. How to assess the blood flow before inserting a needle into the fistula/ graft KB13. How to assess catheters prior to dialysis treatment KB14. The considerations for accessing catheters and cleansing exit sites KB15. How to prepare a patient's skin for cannulation KB16. How to prepare a patient's skin for cannulation KB17. How to select a site for cannulation and insert a needle into the patient's vein KB18. How to select a site for cannulation and grafts KB21. How to secure needles after insertion KB22. Common complications that occur due to: a. Fistulae, grafts and catheters b. Poor needle site rotation c. Dialysis KB23. How to monitor catheters during the treatments KB24. Post-dialysis care for fistulae, catheters and grafts
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/ Generic Skills	Writing SkillsThe user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:SA1. Record and report the procedures performedSA2. Record the assessment of the vascular site









	SA3. Record any problems observed with the fistula, graft or catheter
	ReadingSkills
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA4. Follow instructions for vascular access
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA5. Communicate any unusual findings regarding the access sites or patient
	assessment to the appropriate medical personnel
8. Professional Skills	Decision Making
	The user/individual on the job needs to:
	SB1. Identify complications in vascular access
	SB2. Know when to request for medical attention to a patient's access site, graft,
	catheter or fistula
	Plan and Organize
	The user/individual on the job needs to:
	SB3. Plan and organise the dialysis process
	Customer Centricity
	The user/individual on the job needs to know:
	SB4. The importance of cleaning and sterilisation to prevent the spread of infection
	SB5. How to calm and reassure a patient
	SB6. How to deal with fear of needles in a patient
	Problem Solving
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB7. Handle any complication in initiating vascular access
	Analytical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB8. Perform cleaning and sterilisation procedures in a meticulous manner
	Critical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB9. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,
	experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action









Evaluate and prepare the site for cannulation

NOS Code	HSS/2710		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	Dialysis Technician	Next review date	24/12/16





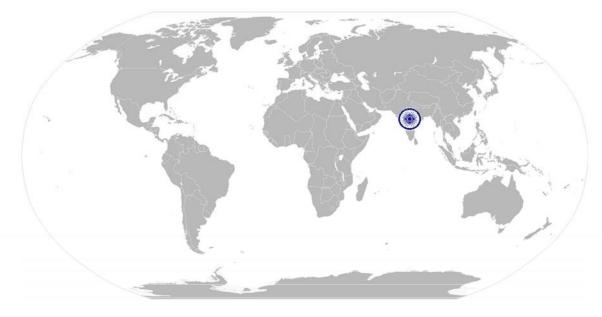






HSS/N2711 Respond to dialysis related emergencies in patient and equipment

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This OS unit describes the knowledge, understanding, skills required of a Dialysis Technician for responding to any complications or emergencies in the equipment or the patient related to dialysis during the treatment.









HSS/N2711 Respond to dialysis related emergencies in patient and equipment

Unit Code	HSS/N2711		
Unit Title (Task)	Respond to dialysis related emergencies in patient and equipment		
Description	This OS unit is about responding to any complications or emergencies in the equipment or the patient related to dialysis during the treatment		
Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Monitoring the patient and equipment during the treatment , Identifying and responding to any complications or emergencies 		
Performance Criteria(PC)	w.r.t. the Scope		
Element	Performance Criteria		
Monitoring the patient and equipment during the treatment , Identifying and responding to any complications or emergencies	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Clean up any spillage PC2. Know when the dialysate, dialyzer or other constituents need to be replaced PC3. Follow standard sterilisation and cleaning procedure for the unit PC4. Disinfect dialysis machine according to the manufacturer's recommendations PC5. The dialysate circuit should be exposed to disinfectant		
Knowledge and Understan			
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes) B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. What are the standard procedures for cleaning and sterilization of the machine/unit KA2. Where to obtain supplies of cleaning agents and reusable parts KA3. About the servicing policies adopted by the organisation The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. The cleaning and maintenance procedures of the machine		
	 KB2. How the reused bicarbonate/acid containers be disinfected between use KB3. How to disinfect the system using disinfectants and rinse solutions KB4. How to rinse machines between chemicals and before a dialysis session KB5. The Dead space is needed between dialysate effluent line and drain KB6. Which parts need replacement and how to do it KB7. How to undertake sterilisation of the unit KB8. The components of the dialysis unit and their functioning 		
Skills (S)			
A. Core Skills/ Generic Skills	Writing Skills The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Record and report cleaning and sterilisation procedures performed Reading Skills		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA2. Follow instructions on the user manual/brochure of the machine		
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA3. Communicate any unusual findings regarding machine components or		







HSS/N2711	Respond to dialysis related	d emergencies in patient and equipment

	sterilisation to the bio-medical engineer or senior technician		
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making		
	The user/individual on the job needs to:		
	SB1. Identify components which need to be replaced		
	SB2. Know which type of observations regarding machine-care need to be reported		
	immediately		
	Plan and Organize		
	The user/individual on the job needs to:		
	SB3. Plan and organise the cleaning and sterilisation process as per the schedule		
	Customer Centricity		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know:		
	SB4. The importance of cleaning and sterilisation to prevent the spread of infection		
	Problem Solving		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB5. Handle any accidental spillage or contamination of the unit		
	Analytical Thinking		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB6. Perform cleaning and sterilisation procedures in a meticulous manner		
	Critical Thinking		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB7. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,		
	experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action		
	and the second sec		







HSS/N2711 Respond to dialysis related emergencies in patient and equipment

NOS Code	HSS/2711		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	Dialysis Technician	Next review date	24/12/16





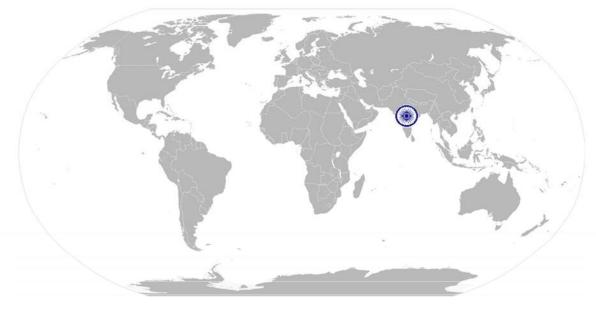






Reprocess dialysers

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This OS unit is about aftercare and cleaning of the machine by the dialysis technician to be ready for the next use. Aftercare & cleaning of the dialysis unit is necessary to keep it sterile and maintain its accuracy and functionality for subsequent use.









Reprocess dialysers

Unit Code	HSS/N2712		
Unit Title (Task)	Reprocess dialysers		
Description	This OS unit is about aftercare and cleaning of the machine by the dialysis technician and prepare it for the next patient. Aftercare & cleaning of the dialysis unit is necessary to keep it sterile and maintain its accuracy and functionality for subsequent use.		
Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Performing the standard procedure for cleaning the different parts using appropriate cleaning agents , Performing procedures to keep the unit sterile and functional 		
Performance Criteria(PC)	w.r.t. the Scope		
Element	Performance Criteria		
Performing the standard procedure for cleaning the different parts using appropriate cleaning agents , Performing procedures to keep the unit sterile and functional	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC6. Clean up any spillage PC7. Know when the dialysate, dialyzer or other constituents need to be replaced PC8. Follow standard sterilisation and cleaning procedure for the unit PC9. Disinfect dialysis machine according to the manufacturer's recommendations PC10. The dialysate circuit should be exposed to disinfectant		
Knowledge and Understar	nding (K)		
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA4. What are the standard procedures for cleaning and sterilization of the machine/unit KA5. Where to obtain supplies of cleaning agents and reusable parts KA6. About the servicing policies adopted by the organisation		
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB9. The cleaning and maintenance procedures of the machine KB10. How the reused bicarbonate/acid containers be disinfected between use KB11. How to disinfect the system using disinfectants and rinse solutions KB12. How to rinse machines between chemicals and before a dialysis session KB13. The Dead space is needed between dialysate effluent line and drain KB14. Which parts need replacement and how to do it KB15. How to undertake sterilisation of the unit KB16. The components of the dialysis unit and their functioning		
Skills (S)			
A. Core Skills/ Generic Skills	Writing Skills The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA4. Record and report cleaning and sterilisation procedures performed Reading Skills		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA5. Follow instructions on the user manual/brochure of the machine		









Reprocess dialysers

	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA6. Communicate any unusual findings regarding machine components or
	sterilisation to the bio-medical engineer or senior technician
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making
	The user/individual on the job needs to:
	SB8. Identify components which need to be replaced
	SB9. Know which type of observations regarding machine-care need to be reported
	immediately
	Plan and Organize
	The user/individual on the job needs to:
	SB10. Plan and organise the cleaning and sterilisation process as per the schedule
	Customer Centricity
	The user/individual on the job needs to know:
	SB11. The importance of cleaning and sterilisation to prevent the spread of infection
	Problem Solving
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB12. Handle any accidental spillage or contamination of the unit
	AnalyticalThinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB13. Perform cleaning and sterilisation procedures in a meticulous manner
	Critical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB14. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action











Reprocess dialysers

NOS Code	HSS/2712		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	Dialysis Technician	Next review date	24/12/16





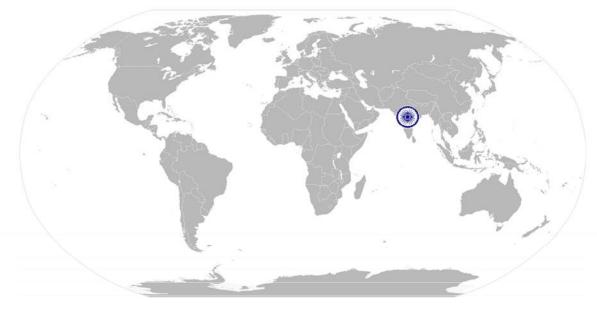






Operate and maintain water treatment plant

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This OS unit is about operating, maintaining and monitoring the water treatment plant.









Operate and maintain water treatment plant

Unit Code	HSS/N2713
Unit Title	
(Tack)	Operate and maintain water treatment plant
Description	This OS unit is about operating, maintaining, and monitoring the water treatment plant
Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Checking and maintaining the water treatment plant for proper functioning
Performance Criteria(PC)	w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
Checking and maintaining the water treatment plant for proper functioning	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Check the incoming water temperature PC2. Look around the RO(reverse osmosis) system for any visible fluid leaks PC3. Check and record the pressure gauge PC4. Measure and record the pressures before and after the endotoxin filter PC5. Record all checks, including time and initials, on the Daily Dialysis Water Equipment Monitoring Log Sheet PC6. Check and record the pump, reject, and product pressures PC7. Check and record the recycle, waste, and permeate flow rates PC8. Check and record the recycle, waste, and permeate flow rates PC9. Read the RO monitor and record the conductivities PC9. Read the RO monitor and record the conductivity and percent rejection PC10. Check and record the pump run hodrs PC11. Check the multi-media sediment filter PC12. Measure and record the pressures before and after the multi-media filter PC13. Check the water softener PC14. Measure and record the pressures before and after the water softener PC15. Check and record the setting for the regeneration timer. The timer should be set to activate when the facility, especially the RO, is not operating PC16. Check the brine tank
Knowledge and Understar	
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. What are the standard procedures for cleaning and sterilization of the machine/unit KA2. Where to obtain supplies of cleaning agents and reusable parts KA3. About the servicing policies adopted by the organisation
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: KB1. Measure and record the pressures before and after the pre-filter KB2. Calculate and record the pressure change across the pre-filter KB3. Calculate and record the pressure change across the filter KB4. Perform chemical analyses for contaminants in the water, If the conductivity is less than the prescribed limit KB5. Perform chemical analyses for contaminants in the water, If the percent rejection is less than 90% KB6. Look for the presence of a salt bridge, where salt at the top of the tank solidifies, making it appear as though the tank is full when it is actually empty







HSS/N2713	Operate and maintain water treatment plant
	underneath KB7. Check and record whether the salt pellets fill at least half the tank KB8. Test for total hardness KB9. Collect a sample of water at the water softener output KB10. Use an EDTA (Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid) test or dip-and-read test strips to test for total hardness by measuring the calcium carbonate concentration
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/ Generic	Writing Skills
Skills	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Record and report the faults Reading Skills
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA2. Follow instructions on the user manual/brochure of the machine
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA3. Communicate any unusual findings regarding machine components or sterilisation to the bio-medical engineer or senior technician
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making
	The user/individual on the job needs to: SB1. Identify components which need to be replaced SB2. Know which type of observations regarding water treatment plant-care need to be reported immediately Plan and Organize
	The user/individual on the job needs to: SB3. Plan and organise the checking and maintenance as per the schedule
	Customer Centricity
	The user/individual on the job needs to know: SB4. The importance of maintenance to prevent the spread of infection Problem Solving
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. Handle any accidental spillage or contamination of the unit Analytical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB6. Perform procedure in a meticulous manner CriticalThinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB7. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action









Operate and maintain water treatment plant

NOS Code	HSS/2713		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	Dialysis Technician	Next review date	24/12/16





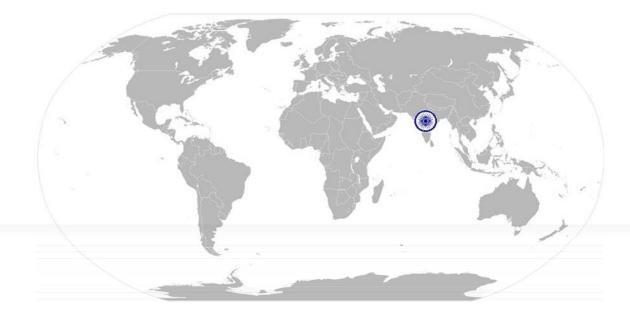






Act within the limits of one's competence and authority

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding, skills required of an Allied Health Professional to recognise the boundaries of the role and responsibilities and working within the level of competence in accordance with legislation, protocols and guidelines.









Act within the limits of one's competence and authority

Unit Code	HSS/N9603
Unit Title	
(Tack)	Act within the limits of one's competence and authority
Description	This OS unit is about recognizing the boundaries of the role and responsibilities and working within the level of competence in accordance with legislation, protocols and guidelines This is applicable to all Allied Health Professionals working in an organised, regulated environment
Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Acting within the limit of one's competence and authority; Knowing one's job role Knowing one's job responsibility Recognizing the job role and responsibilities of co workers Reference: 'This National Occupational Standard is from the UK Skills for Health suite [SFHGEN63, Act within the limits of your competence and authority] It has been tailored to apply to healthcare in India and has been reproduced with their Permission'.
Performance Criteria(P	C) w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Adhere to legislation, protocols and guide ines relevant to one's role and field of practice PC2. Work within organisational systems and requirements as appropriate to one's role PC3. Recognise the boundary of one's role and responsibility and seek supervision when situations are beyond one's competence and authority PC4. Maintain competence within one's role and field of practice PC5. Use relevant research based protocols and guidelines as evidence to inform one's practice PC6. Promote and demonstrate good practice as an individual and as a team member at all times PC7. Identify and manage potential and actual risks to the quality and safety of practice PC8. Evaluate and reflect on the quality of one's work and make continuing improvements
Knowledge and Underst A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. The relevant legislation, standards, policies, and procedures followed in the organization KA2. The medical procedures and functioning of required medical equipment KA3. Role and importance of assisting other healthcare providers in delivering care









National Occupational Standards

HSS/N9603

Act within the limits of one's competence and authority

B. Technical KnowledgeThe user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. The boundaries of one's role and responsibilities and other team KB2. The reasons for working within the limits of one's competence and KB3. The importance of personally promoting and demonstrating good KB4. The legislation, protocols and guidelines effecting one's work KB5. The organisational systems and requirements relevant to one's role KB6. The sources of information that can be accessed to maintain an a research and developments in one's area of work	nd authority d practice
KB2. The reasons for working within the limits of one's competence ar KB3. The importance of personally promoting and demonstrating good KB4. The legislation, protocols and guidelines effecting one's work KB5. The organisational systems and requirements relevant to one's ro KB6. The sources of information that can be accessed to maintain an a	nd authority d practice
KB3. The importance of personally promoting and demonstrating good KB4. The legislation, protocols and guidelines effecting one's work KB5. The organisational systems and requirements relevant to one's ro KB6. The sources of information that can be accessed to maintain an a	d practice
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KB5. The organisational systems and requirements relevant to one's ro KB6. The sources of information that can be accessed to maintain an a	
KB6. The sources of information that can be accessed to maintain an a	
research and developments in one sared of work	wareness of
KB7. The difference between direct and indirect supervision and auto	nomous
practice, and which combination is most applicable in different circun	
KB8. The risks to quality and safety arising from:	istances
 Working outside the boundaries of competence and authority 	,
 Not keeping up to date with best practice 	
• Poor communication	
 Insufficient support 	
 Lack of resources 	
KB9. The importance of individual or team compliance with legislation	, protocols,
and guidelines and organisational systems and requirements	
KB10. How to Report and minimise risks	
KB11. The principle of meeting the organisation's needs, and how this	should enable
one to recognise one's own limitations and when one should seek sup	port from
others	
KB12. The processes by which improvements to protocols/guidelines a	ind
organisational systems/requirements should be reported	
KB13. The procedure for accessing training, learning and development	needs for
oneself and/or others within one's organisation	N N
KB14. The actions that can be taken to ensure a current, clear and acc	urate
understanding of roles and responsibilities is maintained, and how this	
the way one work as an individual or part of a team	k /
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/ Writing Skills	
Generic Skills The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to	•
	•
SA1. Document reports, task lists, and schedules	
SA2. Prepare status and progress reports	
SA3. Record daily activities	
SA4. Update other co-workers Reading Skills	
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to	:
SA5. Read about changes in legislations and organizational policies	
SA6. Keep updated with the latest knowledge	
Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)	









National Occupational Standards

	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA7. Discuss task lists, schedules, and work-loads with co-workers
	SA8. Give clear instructions to patients and co-workers
	SA9. Keep patient informed about progress
	SA10. Avoid using jargon, slang or acronyms when communicating with a patient
. Professional Skills	Decision Making
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB1. Make decisions pertaining to the concerned area of work in relation to job role
	Plan and Organize
	Not applicable
	Customer Centricity
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB2. Communicate effectively with patients and their family, physicians, and other
	members of the health care team
	SB3. Be responsive and listen empathetically to establish rapport in a way that
	promotes openness on issues of concern
	SB4. Be sensitive to potential cultural differences
	SB5. Maintain patient confidentiality
	SB6. Respect the rights of the patient(s)
	Problem Solving
	Not applicable
	Analytical Thinking
	Not applicable
	Critical Thinking
	Not applicable



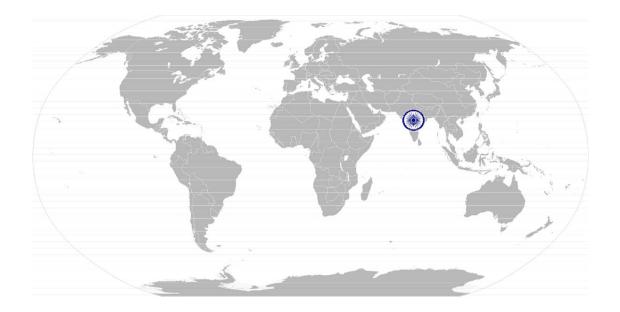






Act within the limits of one's competence and authority

NOS Code	HSS/N9603		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	24/07/13
Occupation		Next review date	24/12/16





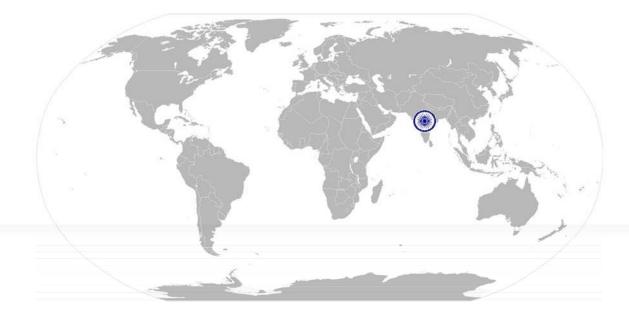






Work effectively with others

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding, skills required of an Allied Health Professional to work effectively with other people and integrate one's work the work of other people









Work effectively with others

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Unit Code	HSS/N9604
Unit Title	
(Tack)	Work effectively with others
Description	This OS unit is about working effectively with other people who can be part of the immediate team, organisation or external to the team or organisation This OS unit applies to all Allied health professionals working in a team or collaborative environment
Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Working with other people to meet requirements , Sharing information with others to enable efficient delivery of work , Communicating with other team members and people internal or external to the organisation
Performance Criteria(P	C) w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Communicate with other people clearly and effectively PC2. Integrate one's work with other people's work effectively PC3. Pass on essential information to other people on timely basis PC4. Work in a way that shows respect for other people PC5. Carry out any commitments made to other people PC6. Reason out the failure to fulfil commitment PC7. Identify any problems with team members and other people and take the initiative to solve these problems PC8. Follow the organisation's policies and procedures
Knowledge and Unders	
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	To be competent the user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. The people who make up the team and how they fit into the work of the organisation KA2. The responsibilities of the team and their importance to the organisation KA3. The business, mission, and objectives of the organisation KA4. Effective working relationships with the people external to the team, with which the individual works on a regular basis KA5. Procedures in the organisation to deal with conflict and poor working relationships
B. Technical Knowledge	To be competent the user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. The importance of communicating clearly and effectively with other people and how to do so face-to-face, by telephone and in writing KB2. The essential information that needs to be shared with other people KB3. The importance of effective working relationships and how these can contribute towards effective working relationships on a day-to-day basis KB4. The importance of integrating ones work effectively with others KB5. The types of working relationships that help people to work well together and the types of relationships that need to be avoided KB6. The types of opportunities an individual may seek out to improve relationships with others KB7. How to deal with difficult working relationships with other people to sort out









National Occupational Standards

HSS/N9604

Work effectively with others

	problems
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills
Generic Skills	To be competent, the user / individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Communicate essential information in writing SA2. Write effective communications to share information with the team members and other people outside the team Reading Skills To be competent, the user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how
	to: SA3. Read and understand essential information
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA4. Communicate essential information to colleagues face-to-face or through telecommunications SA5. Question others appropriately in order to understand the nature of the request or compliant
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. Make decisions pertaining to work Plan and Organize
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB2. Plan and organise files and documents
	Customer Centricity
	To be competent, the user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB3. Communicate effectively with patients and their family, physicians, and other members of the health care team SB4. Be capable of being responsive, listen empathetically to establish rapport in a way that promotes openness on issues of concern SB5. Be sensitive to potential cultural differences SB6. Maintain patient confidentiality SB7. Respect the rights of the patient(s) Problem Solving To be competent, the user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how
	to:
	SB8. Identify problems while working with others and devise effective solutions Analytical Thinking
	Not applicable





National Occupational Standards

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HSS/N9604

Work effectively with others

Critical Thinking

Not applicable

NOS Code	HSS/N9604		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
IndustrySub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	24/07/13
Occupation		Next review date	24/12/16



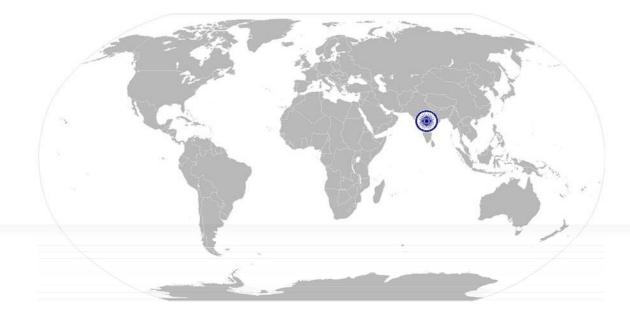






Maintain a safe, healthy, and secure working environment

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding, skills required of an Allied Health Professional to monitor the working environment, and making sure it meets health, safety and security requirements.









Maintain a safe, healthy, and secure working environment

ß	Unit Code HSS/N9606		
	Unit Title		
	(Tack)	Maintain a safe, healthy, and secure working environment	
	Description	This OS unit is about monitoring the working environment and ensuring a safe, healthy, secure and effective working conditions This OS unit applies to all Allied Health professionals working within an organised	
		workplace	
	Scope	 This unit covers the following: Complying the health, safety and security requirements and procedures for Workplace Handling any hazardous situation with safely, competently and within the 	
		 limits of authority Reporting any hazardous situation and breach in procedures to ensure a safe, healthy, secure working environment 	
	Performance Criteria(P	C) w.r.t. the Scope	
	Element	Performance Criteria	
		To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Identify individual responsibilities in relation to maintaining workplace health safety and security requirements PC2. Comply with health, safety and security procedures for the workplace PC3. Report any identified breaches in health, safety, and security procedures to the designated person PC4. Identify potential hazards and breaches of safe work practices PC5. Correct any hazards that individual can deal with safely, competently and within the limits of authority PC6. Promptly and accurately report the hazards that individual is not allowed to deal with, to the relevant person and warn other people who may get affected PC7. Follow the organisation's emergency procedures promptly, calmly, and efficiently PC8. Identify and recommend opportunities for improving health, safety, and security to the designated person PC9. Complete any health and safety records legibly and accurately	
	Knowledge and Underst	tanding (K)	
		To be competent, the user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:	
	A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	KA1. The importance of health, safety, and security in the workplace KA2. The basic requirements of the health and safety and other legislations and regulations that apply to the workplace KA3. The person(s) responsible for maintaining healthy, safe, and secure workplace KA4. The relevant up-to-date information on health, safety, and security that applies to the workplace KA5. How to report the hazard KA6. The responsibilities of individual to maintain safe, healthy and secure workplace	









National Occupational Standards

HSS/N9606	Maintain a safe, healthy, and secure working environment
B. Technical Knowledge	To be competent, the user / individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. Requirements of health, safety and security in workplace KB2. How to create safety records and maintaining them KB3. The importance of being alert to health, safety, and security hazards in the work environment KB4. The common health, safety, and security hazards that affect people working in an administrative role KB5. How to identify health, safety, and security hazards KB6. The importance of warning others about hazards and how to do so until the hazard is dealt with
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills
Generic Skills	To be competent, the user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Report and record incidents Reading Skills
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA2. Read and understand company policies and procedures
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA3. Clearly report hazards and incidents with the appropriate level of urgency
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. Make decisions pertaining to the area of work Plan and Organize
	To be competent, the user / individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB2. Plan for safety of the work environment Customer Centricity
	Customer Centricity
	To be competent, the user / individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB3. Communicate effectively with patients and their family, physicians, and other members of the health care team SB4. Be capable of being responsive, listen empathetically to establish rapport in a way that promotes openness on issues of concern
	Problem Solving
	To be competent, the user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. Identify hazards, evaluate possible solutions and suggest effective solutions









Maintain a safe, healthy, and secure working environment

AnalyticalThinking
To be competent, the user needs to know and understand how to:
SB9. Analyse the seriousness of hazards
Critical Thinking
To be competent, the user needs to know and understand how to:
SB10. Analyse, evaluate and apply the information gathered from observation,
experience, reasoning, or communication to act efficiently

NOS Code	SP	HSS/N9606	
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	📥 Drafted on	12/05/13
IndustrySub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	24/07/13
Occupation		Next review date	24/12/16



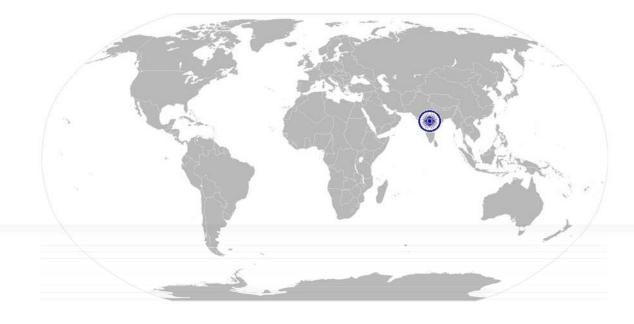






Follow biomedical waste disposal protocols

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of an Allied Health professional to manage biomedical waste









Follow biomedical waste disposal protocols

Unit Code	HSS/N9609	
Unit Title	Follow biomedical waste disposal protocols	
(Task) Description	This OS unit is about the safe handling and management of health care waste.	
Description	This unit applies to all Allied Health professionals.	
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:	
	Classification of the Waste Generated, Segregation of Biomedical Waste	
	,Proper collection and storage of Waste	
	Reference : 'The content of this National Occupational Standard is drawn from the	
	UK Skills for Health NOS [SFHCHS212 Disposal of clinical and non-clinical waste within	
	healthcare and SFHCHS213 Implement an audit trail for managing waste within	
healthcare]'		
Performance Criteria(P	νC) w.r.t. the Scope	
Element	Performance Criteria	
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:	
	PC1. Follow the appropriate procedures, policies and protocols for the method of	
	collection and containment level according to the waste type	
	PC2. Apply appropriate health and safety measures and standard precautions for	
	infection prevention and control and personal protective equipment relevant	
	to the type and category of waste	
	PC3. Segregate the waste material from work areas in line with current legislation	
	and organisational requirements PC4. Segregation should happen at source with proper containment, by using	
	different color coded bins for different categories of waste	
	PC5. Check the accuracy of the labelling that identifies the type and content of	
	waste	
	PC6. Confirm suitability of containers for any required course of action appropriate	
	to the type of waste disposal	
	PC7. Check the waste has undergone the required processes to make it safe for	
	transport and disposal	
	PC8. Transport the waste to the disposal site, taking into consideration its	
	associated risks	
	PC9. Report and deal with spillages and contamination in accordance with current	
	legislation and procedures	
	PC10. Maintain full, accurate and legible records of information and store in correct	
	location in line with current legislation, guidelines, local policies and protocols	
Knowledge and Unders		
A. Organizational	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. Basic requirements of the health and safety and other legislations and	
Context (Knowledge of the	regulations that apply to the organization	
company /	KA2. Person(s) responsible for health, safety, and security in the organization	
organization and	KA3. Relevant up-to-date information on health, safety, and security that applies to	
organizationand	the organization	
	KA4. Organization's emergency procedures and responsibilities for handling	









National Occupational Standards
Follow biomedical waste disposal protocols

its processes)	hazardous situations
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. How to categorise waste according to national, local and organisational guidelines KB2. The appropriate approved disposal routes for waste KB3. The appropriate containment or dismantling requirements for waste and how to make the waste safe for disposal KB4. The importance to adhere to the organisational and national waste management principles and procedures KB5. The hazards and risks associated with the disposal and the importance of risk assessments and how to provide these KB6. The personal protective equipment required to manage the different types of waste generated by different work activities KB7. The importance of working in a safe manner when carrying out procedures for biomedical waste management in line with local and national policies and legislation KB8. The required actions and reporting procedures for any accidents, spillages and contamination involving waste KB9. The requirements of the relevant external agencies involved in the transport and receipt of your waste KB10. The importance of segregating different types of waste and how to do this KB11. The safe methods of storage and maintaining security of waste and the permitted accumulation times KB12. The methods for transporting and monitoring waste disposal and the appropriateness of each method to a given scenario KB13. How to report any problems or delays in waste collection and whereto seek advice and guidance KB14. The importance of the organisation monitoring and obtaining an assessment of the impact the waste has on the environment KB15. The current national legislation, guidelines, local policies and protocols which affect work practice KB16. The policies and guidance that clarify your scope of practice, accountabilities and the working relationship between yourself and others
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills
Generic Skills	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Report and record incidents
	Reading Skills
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA2. Read and understand company policies and procedures for managing biomedical waste
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA3. Report hazards and incidents clearly with the appropriate level of urgency
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making









National Occupational Standards

HSS/N9609

Follow biomedical waste disposal protoc	ols
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The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB1. Make decisions pertaining to the area of work
SB2. Exhibit commitment to the organization and exert effort and perseverance
Plan and Organize
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB3. Organize files and documents
SB4. Plan for safety of the work environment
SB5. Recommend and implement plan of action
Customer Centricity
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
SB6. How to make exceptional effort to keep the environment and work place
clean
Problem Solving
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB7. Identify hazards and suggest effective solutions to identified problems of
wastemanagement
Analytical Thinking
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB8. Analyse the seriousness of hazards and proper waste management
CriticalThinking
The user/individual on the job needs to knowed understand how to:
SB9. Evaluate opportunities to improve health, safety and security
SB10. Show understanding and empathy for others

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	HSS/N9609			
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0	
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13	
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	24/07/13	
Occupation		Next review date	24/12/16	



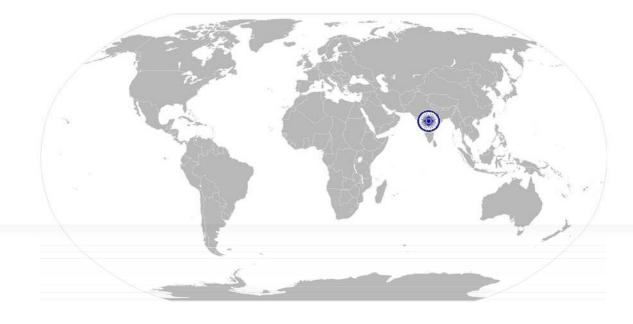






Monitor and assure quality

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding, skills required of an Allied Health professional to monitor and assure quality









Monitor and assure quality

Unit Code	HSS/N9611
Unit Title	
(Tack)	Monitor and assure quality
Description	This OS unit is about Assuring quality in all procedures.
	This unit applies to all Allied Health professionals.
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:
	 Monitor treatment process/outcomes, Identify problems in treatment
	process/outcomes, Solve treatment process/outcome problems, Attend
	class/read publications to continue industry education , Identify needs and
	expectations of patient/health care professionals
Performance Criteria	PC) w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:
	PC1. Conduct appropriate research and analysis
	PC2. Evaluate potential solutions thoroughly
	PC3. Participate in education programs which include current techniques,
	technology and trends pertaining to the dental industry
	PC4. Read Dental hygiene, dental and medical publications related to quality
	consistently and thoroughly
	PC5. Report any identified breaches in health, safety, and security procedures to
	the designated person
	PC6. Identify and correct any hazards that here here can deal with safely,
	competently and within the limits of his/her authority
	PC7. Promptly and accurately report any hazards that he/she is not allowed to deal
	with to the relevant person and warn other people who may be affected
	PC8. Follow the organisation's emergency procedures promptly, calmly, and
	efficiently
	PC9. Identify and recommend opportunities for improving health, safety, and
	security to the designated person
	PC10. Complete any health and safety records legibly and accurately
Knowledge and Under	rstanding (K)
A. Organizational	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
Context	KA1. Basic requirements of the health and safety and other legislations and
(Knowledge of the	regulations that apply to the organisation
company /	KA2. Person(s) responsible for health, safety, and security in the organisation
	KA3. Relevant up-to-date information on health, safety, and security that applies
organization and	to the organisation
its processes)	KA4. Organisation's emergency procedures and responsibilities for handling hazardo
	situations
B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
Knowledge	KB1. Evaluate treatment goals, process and outcomes
	KB2. Identify problems/deficiencies in dental hygiene treatment goals, processes
	and outcomes
	KB3. Accurately identify problems in dental hygiene care
	KB4. Conduct research
	KB5. Select and implement proper hygiene interventions
	KPC Obtain informed concert
	KB6. Obtain informed consent





National Occupational Standards





HSS/N9611	Monitor and assure quality
	strengths and weaknesses KB8. Access and interpret medical, and scientific literature KB9. Apply human needs/motivational theory KB10. Provide thorough and efficient individualised care KB11. Employ methods to measure satisfaction
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/ Generic Skills	Writing Skills The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA1. Report and record incidents Reading Skills
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA2. Read and understand company policies and procedures
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA3. Report hazards and incidents clearly with the appropriate level of urgency
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. Make decisions pertaining to the area of work SB2. Exhibit commitment to the organisation and exert effort and perseverance Plan and Organize The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB3. Organise files and documents SB4. Plan for safety of the work environment SB1. Recommend and implement plan of action Customer Centricity The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB2. How to make exceptional effort to meet patient needs and resolve conflict to patient satisfaction Problem Solving The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB3. Identify hazards and suggest effective solutions to identified problems Analytical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB4. Analyse the seriousness of hazards Critical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB4. Analyse the seriousness of hazards Critical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB4. Analyse the seriousness of hazards Critical Thinking
	SB5. Evaluate opportunities to improve health, safety and security SB6. Show understanding and empathy for others





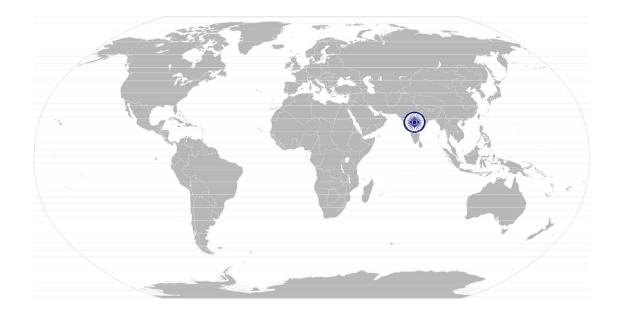




Monitor and assure quality

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	HSS/N9611				
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0		
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13		
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	24/07/13		
Occupation		Next review date	24/12/16		









CRITERIA FOR ASSESSMENT OF TRAINEES

Job Role	Dialysis Technician
Qualification Pack	
<u>Code</u>	HSS/Q2701
Sector Skill Council	Healthcare Sector Skill Council

Guidelines for Assessment

1. Criteria for assessment for each Qualification Pack will be created by the Sector Skill Council. Each Performance Criteria (PC) will be assigned marks proportional to its importance in NOS. SSC will also lay down proportion of marks for Theory and Skills Practical for each PC

2. The assessment for the theory part will be based on knowledge bank of questions created by the SSC

3. Individual assessment agencies will create unique question papers for theory part for each candidate at each examination/training center (as per assessment criteria below)

4. Individual assessment agencies will create unique evaluations for skill practical for every student at each examination/training center based on this criteria

5. To pass the Qualification Pack, every trainee should score as per assessment grid.

6. In case of successfully passing only certain number of NOS's, the trainee is eligible to take subsequent assessment on the balance NOS's to pass the Qualification Pack

Skills Practical and Viva (80% weigh	tage)
	Marks Allotted
Grand Total-1 (Subject Domain)	400
Grand Total-2 (Soft Skills and Communication)	100
Grand Total-(Skills Practical and Viva)	500
Passing Marks (80% of Max. Marks)	400
Theory (20% weightage)	
	Marks Allotted
Grand Total-1 (Subject Domain)	80
Grand Total-2 (Soft Skills and Communication)	20
Grand Total-(Theory)	100
Passing Marks (50% of Max. Marks)	50







Grand To	tal-(Skills Practical and Viva + Theory)			600		
Overall Result		Criteria is to pass in both theory and practical individually. If fail in any one of them, then candidate is fail				
	Detailed Break Up of Marks Subject Domain		Skills P	Practica	I & Viva	
			Pick any 2 NOS each of 200 marks totaling 400			
Assessable	Assessment Criteria for the Assessable	Total	Out	Ma	Marks Allocation	
Outcomes	Outcomes	Marks (400)	Of	Viva	Skills Practical	
1.HSS / N 2701 : Collect and assess the patient's chart and vitals	PC1. Read and understand the patients' reports	200	40	20	20	
and vitais	PC2. Take measurements of non-invasive blood pressure, body temperature, body weight, breathing rate and/or other vital parameters, as appropriate		40	20	20	
	PC3. Recognise the levels of vital parameters under which dialysis can be performed safely		50	20	30	
	PC4. Identify and manage potential and actual risks to the quality and safety of work		30	10	20	
	PC5. Maintain competence within one's role and field of practice		20	10	10	
	PC6. Evaluate and reflect on the quality of one's work and make continuing improvements		20	10	10	
			200	90	110	
HSS / N 2702 : Manage dialysis machine set up and assemble the extracorporeal circuit	PC1. Needs to know and understand the mechanics and functioning of all parts of the dialysis machine being used	200	50	20	30	
	PC2. Should know how to calibrate the machine without error		50	20	30	
	PC3. Should ensure that the dialysis unit has been sterilised after previous use		40	10	30	
	PC4. Should ensure that all the components required are adequately present		30	10	20	







			1		I
	PC5. Should know how to assemble and check the extracorporeal circuit parts i.e. the patient connectors, Dialyzer connectors, Drip chamber and bubble trap, Blood pump segment, Heparin infusion line, and saline infusion line		30	10	20
			200	70	130
3.HSS / N 2703 : Prepare and	PC1. Maintain patients' privacy	200	30	10	20
position the patient for treatment	PC2. Drape the patient such that it facilitates connecting the patient to the dialysis unit		30	10	20
	PC3. Explain the need to dress and be placed in particular position for dialysis to patient		40	20	20
	PC4. Perform actions gently to avoid causing pain specially taking care to not disturb any catheters, IV lines already present		50	20	30
	PC5. Keep the patient in a comfortable posture		30	10	20
	PC6. Provide the appropriate linen including covering sheet depending on the patient (male, female, child) and should know from where to obtain the same		20	0	20
			200	70	130
.HSS / N 2704 : Connect patient to the dialysis machine	PC1. Use standard protocols for inserting IV lines and making connections to prevent infection and reduce discomfort to the patient	200 50 50 50 50	50	20	30
	PC2. Understand how to utilise existing catheters for performing dialysis		50	20	30
	PC3. Be aware of the protocol of starting the dialysis		50	20	30
	PC4. Minimise inconvenience and pain for the patient while performing the procedure		50	20	30
			200	80	120
5.HSS / N 2705 : Monitor technical/ clinical vitals during the	PC1. Understand the various indicators, alarms and sensors of the dialysis machine	200	50	20	30





		1	1		
treatment	PC2. Know the corrective steps to be taken when a particular alarm goes off		50	20	30
	PC3. Be alert and quick in his/her responses		50	20	30
	PC4. Know whom and how to inform in case of medical emergency		50	30	20
			200	90	110
6.HSS/ N 2706: Unhook patient	PC1. Know when dialysis is completed		50	20	30
from the machine	PC2. Detach all connections between patient and unit		50	10	40
	PC3. Carefully remove IV cannulas with minimum discomfort to patient	200	50	10	40
	PC4. Suitably dress the canola/ catheter to keep it sterile and pain- free for future use if the doctor/nurse instructs		30	10	20
	PC5. Understand needs of the patient and help them to be comfortable		20	10	10
			200	60	140
HSS / N 2707 : Record the	PC1. Follow the right format for documenting the dialysis on the patient's chart	200	50	20	30
treatment	PC2. Record the components/ constituents and their quantities used		50	20	30
	PC3. Understand the importance of documenting the procedure on the patient's chart		50	30	20
	PC4. Record the quantity and type of constituents like dialysate, acid mixture etc. used during the process		50	30	20
			200	100	100
HSS/ N 2708: Conduct pre and post dialysis	PC1. Read and understand the patients' reports		30	10	20
evaluation	PC2. Take measurements of non-invasive blood pressure, body temperature, body weight, breathing rate and/or other vital parameters, as appropriate	200	30	10	20
	PC3. Recognise the levels of vital parameters under which dialysis can be performed safely		40	10	20
	PC4. Be alert in noticing any change or distress in the patient during or after dialysis		40	10	30







	PC5. Communicate effectively with patient,				
	doctors and nurses to enable quick remedial				
	action		30	10	20
	PC6. Document the changes as per protocol		30	15	15
			200	70	130
HSS/ N 2709:			50	25	25
Maintain and	PC1. Clean up any spillage			23	23
disinfect the	PC2. Know when the dialysate, dialyzer or		50	20	30
delivery system	other constituents need to be replaced				
	PC3. Follow standard sterilisation and cleaning		30	10	20
	procedure for the unit	200			
	PC4. Disinfect dialysis machine according to		40	20	20
	the manufacturer's recommendations		40	20	20
	PC5. The dialysate circuit should be exposed				
	to disinfectant		30	10	20
			200	85	115
1100 (11 0740			200	63	115
HSS/ N 2710:					
Evaluate and	PC1. Describe the three main types of vascular				
prepare the site	access (fistulae, grafts and catheters)		10	5	5
for cannulation	PC2. Identify the predialysis assessments for				
	all types of vascular access.		10	5	5
			10	5	5
	PC3. Describe the methods of needle insertion		10	-	-
	for AVFs and grafts.		10	5	5
	PC4. Describe the predialysis assessment,				
	accessing procedure, exit site care, and			_	_
	monitoring of catheters		10	5	5
	PC5. Describe how fistulae are created and the				
	pros and cons of these		10	5	5
	PC6. Assess the maturity of a fistula	200	5	3	2
	PC7. Describe how grafts are created and the				
	pros and cons of these		10	7	3
	PC8. Describe how catheters are placed and		_		
	the various methods of catheter placement				
	(both short and long term)		10	5	5
			10		
	PCO Describe the property and constant estimators		5	С	2
	PC9. Describe the pros and cons of catheters		2	3	2
	PC10. Describe the types of catheter and				
	port/catheter devices		10	5	5
	PC11. Assess a fistula or graft prior to each]			
	treatment by inspecting (looking for infection,				
	steal syndrome, stenosis, etc.), auscultating				
	(listening for bruit and deep access location),		10	5	5
		1	-		1 -



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	and palpating (feeling for skin temperature, thrill, stenosis, vein diameter etc.) the access				
	PC12. Assess the blood flow before inserting a needle into the fistula/ graft		5	2	3
	PC13. Assess catheters prior to dialysis treatment		5	2	3
	PC14. Describe the considerations for accessing catheters and cleansing exit sites		5	2	3
	PC15. Describe the various methods for preparing a patient's skin for cannulation		5	2	3
	PC16. Prepare a patient's skin for cannulation using anti-bacterial solutions		10	4	6
	PC17. Apply a tourniquet		5	1	4
	PC18. Select a site for cannulation and insert a needle into the patient's vein		5	1	4
	PC19. Understand the concept of Antegrade and retrograde needle direction		10	8	2
	PC20. Understand how to rotate cannulation sites for fistulae and grafts		10	3	7
	PC21. Secure needles after insertion PC22. Describe common complications that		10	4	6
	occur due to: a. Fistulae, grafts and catheters b) b. Poor needle site rotation, c) c. Dialysis		10	5	5
	PC23. Monitor catheters during the treatments		10	3	7
	PC24. Describe post-dialysis care for fistulae, catheters and grafts		10	5	5
		1	200	95	105
HSS/ N 2711: Respond to	PC1. Clean up any spillage		30	10	20
dialysis related emergencies in patient and	PC2. Know when the dialysate, dialyzer or other constituents need to be replaced		50	30	20
equipment	PC3. Follow standard sterilisation and cleaning procedure for the unit	200	30	10	20
	PC4. Disinfect dialysis machine according to the manufacturer's recommendations		50	20	30







	PC5. The dialysate circuit should be exposed to disinfectant		40	10	30
			200	80	30 120
HSS/ N 2712:			200	80	120
Reprocess	PC1. Clean up any spillage		30	10	20
dialyserstreatment guidelines.	PC2. Know when the dialysate, dialyzer or other constituents need to be replaced		50	30	20
	PC3. Follow standard sterilisation and cleaning procedure for the unit	200	30	10	20
	PC4. Disinfect dialysis machine according to the manufacturer's recommendations		50	20	30
	PC5. The dialysate circuit should be exposed to disinfectant		40	10	30
			200	80	120
HSS/ N 2713: Operate and	PC1. Check the incoming water temperature		10	2	8
maintain water treatment plant	PC2. Look around the RO(reverse osmosis) system for any visible fluid leaks		20	5	15
	PC3. Check and record the pressure gauge		20	5	15
	PC4. Measure and record the pressures before and after the endotoxin filter		10	5	5
	PC5. Record all checks, including time and initials, on the Daily Dialysis Water Equipment Monitoring Log Sheet		20	5	15
	PC6. Check and record the pump, reject, and product pressures		10	5	5
	PC7. Check and record the recycle, waste, and permeate flow rates	200	10	5	5
	PC8. Check and record the inlet and permeate conductivities		10	5	5
	PC9. Read the RO monitor and record the conductivity and percent rejection		10	2	8
	PC10. Check and record the pump run hours		10	5	5
	PC11. Check the multi-media sediment filter		10	5	5
	PC12. Measure and record the pressures before and after the multi-media filter		10	5	5
	PC13. Check the water softener		10	2	8







		[1		
	PC14. Measure and record the pressures		10	5	F
	before and after the water softener PC15. Check and record the setting for the		10	5	5
	regeneration timer. The timer should be set to				
	activate when the facility, especially the RO, is				
	not operating		20	5	5
	not operating		20	5	
	PC16. Check the brine tank		10	2	8
	Total		200	70	130
HSS/ N 9610 (Follow infection control policies	PC1. Preform the standard precautions to prevent the spread of infection in accordance with organisation requirements		5	0	5
and procedures)	PC2. Preform the additional precautions when standard precautions alone may not be sufficient to prevent transmission of infection		5	0	5
	PC3. Minimise contamination of materials, equipment and instruments by aerosols and splatter		5	5	0
	PC4. Identify infection risks and implement an appropriate response within own role and responsibility		20	10	10
	PC5. Document and report activities and tasks that put patients and/or other workers at risk		5	0	5
	PC6. Respond appropriately to situations that pose an infection risk in accordance with the policies and procedures of the organization		5	0	5
	PC7. Follow procedures for risk control and risk containment for specific risks	200	10	0	10
	PC8. Follow protocols for care following exposure to blood or other body fluids as required		10	0	10
	PC9. Place appropriate signs when and where appropriate		20	10	10
	PC10. Remove spills in accordance with the policies and procedures of the organization		5	0	5
	PC11. Maintain hand hygiene by washing hands before and after patient contact and/or after any activity likely to cause contamination		5	0	5
	PC12. Follow hand washing procedures		5	0	5
	PC13. Implement hand care procedures		5	0	5
	PC14. Cover cuts and abrasions with water- proof dressings and change as necessary		5	5	0
	PC15. Wear personal protective clothing and equipment that complies with Indian Standards, and is appropriate for the intended		5	0	5







use				
gowns/apro	e protective clothing and ns daily, more frequently if soiled ppropriate, after each patient	5	0	5
contaminate care work PC18. Confir medicament	rcate and maintain clean and ed zones in all aspects of health ne records, materials and es to a well-designated clean zone ne contaminated instruments and	20	10	10
	o a well-designated contaminated			
clothing and occupationa	appropriate personal protective equipment in accordance with I health and safety policies and when handling waste	5	0	5
been genera	ate waste at the point where it has ted and dispose of into waste nat are colour coded and	5	0	5
	clinical or related waste in an area sible only to authorised persons	5	5	0
and dispose minimise po	e, package, label, store, transport of waste appropriately to tential for contact with the waste ce the risk to the environment ntal release	5	0	5
with policies	se of waste safely in accordance and procedures of the and legislative requirements	5	5	0
	personal protective clothing and luring cleaning procedures	5	0	5
PC26. Remo from work s	ve all dust, dirt and physical debris urfaces	5	0	5
detergent ar	all work surfaces with a neutral nd warm water solution before ch session or when visibly soiled	5	0	5
special proce managemen	taminate equipment requiring essing in accordance with quality t systems to ensure full with cleaning, disinfection and protocols	5	0	5
	work surfaces before and after	5	0	5
PC30. Repla	ce surface covers where applicable	5	0	5







	PC31. Maintain and store cleaning equipment		5	5	0
	Total		200	55	145
G	rand Total-1 (Subject Domain)			400	
S	oft Skills and Communication				oth parts each totaling 100
Assessable	Assessment Criteria for the Assessable	Total	Out	Ma	rks Allocation
Outcomes	Outcomes	Marks (100)	Out	Viva	Observation/ Role Play
Part 1 (Pick one fiel	d randomly carrying 50 marks)				
1. Attitude					
HSS/ N 9603 (Act within the limits of one's competence	PC1. Adhere to legislation, protocols and guidelines relevant to one's role and field of practice		5	2	3
and authority)	PC2. Work within organisational systems and requirements as appropriate to one's role		5	2	3
	PC3. Recognise the boundary of one's role and responsibility and seek supervision when situations are beyond one's competence and authority	10 5 50	10	5	5
	PC4. Maintain competence within one's role and field of practice		5	3	2
	PC5. Use relevant research based protocols and guidelines as evidence to inform one's practice	50	5	2	3
	PC6. Promote and demonstrate good practice as an individual and as a team member at all times		10	5	5
	PC7. Identify and manage potential and actual risks to the quality and safety of practice		5	3	2
	PC8. Evaluate and reflect on the quality of one's work and make continuing improvements		5	2	3
		1	50	24	26
	Attitude Total	50			
Part 2 (Pick one fiel	d as per NOS marked carrying 50 marks)				
1. Team Work					
HSS/ N 9604 (Work effectively	PC1. Communicate with other people clearly and effectively	50	3	0	3
with others)	PC2. Integrate one's work with other people's work effectively	50	3	0	3





					-
	PC3. Pass on essential information to other people on timely basis		3	0	3
	PC4. Work in a way that shows respect for other people		3	0	3
	PC5. Carry out any commitments made to other people		6	6	0
	PC6. Reason out the failure to fulfil commitment		6	6	0
	PC7. Identify any problems with team members and other people and take the initiative to solve these problems		16	8	8
	PC8. Follow the organisation's policies and procedures		10	4	6
			50	24	26
2. Safety manageme	ent				
HSS/ N 9606 (Maintain a safe, healthy, and	PC1. Identify individual responsibilities in relation to maintaining workplace health safety and security requirements		6	2	4
secure working environment)	PC2. Comply with health, safety and security procedures for the workplace		4	0	4
	PC3. Report any identified breaches in health, safety, and security procedures to the designated person	50	4	3	1
	PC4. Identify potential hazards and breaches of safe work practices		6	4	2
	PC5. Correct any hazards that individual can deal with safely, competently and within the limits of authority		6	4	2
	PC6. Promptly and accurately report the hazards that individual is not allowed to deal with, to the relevant person and warn other people who may get affected		6	4	2
	PC7. Follow the organisation's emergency procedures promptly, calmly, and efficiently		6	2	4
	PC8. Identify and recommend opportunities for improving health, safety, and security to the designated person	-	6	4	2
	PC9. Complete any health and safety records legibly and accurately		6	2	4
			50	25	25
Waste Managemen	t				•
HSS/ N 9609 (Follow biomedical waste disposal	PC1. Follow the appropriate procedures, policies and protocols for the method of collection and containment level according to	50	6	2	4







protocols)	the waste type				
	PC2. Apply appropriate health and safety measures and standard precautions for infection prevention and control and personal protective equipment relevant to the type and category of waste		8	4	4
	PC3. Segregate the waste material from work areas in line with current legislation and organisational requirements	-	4	0	4
	PC4. Segregation should happen at source with proper containment, by using different colour coded bins for different categories of waste		8	4	4
	PC5. Check the accuracy of the labelling that identifies the type and content of waste		4	2	2
	PC6. Confirm suitability of containers for any required course of action appropriate to the type of waste disposal		4	4	0
	PC7. Check the waste has undergone the required processes to make it safe for transport and disposal		4	4	0
	PC8. Transport the waste to the disposal site, taking into consideration its associated risks		4	4	0
	PC9. Report and deal with spillages and contamination in accordance with current legislation and procedures		4	4	0
	PC10. Maintain full, accurate and legible records of information and store in correct location in line with current legislation, guidelines, local policies and protocols		4	4	0
			50	32	18
4. Quality Assura	nce				
HSS/ N 9611: Monitor and	PC1. Conduct appropriate research and analysis		6	2	4
assure quality	PC2. Evaluate potential solutions thoroughly		8	4	4
	PC3. Participate in education programs which include current techniques, technology and trends pertaining to the dental industry	50	4	0	4
	PC4. Read Dental hygiene, dental and medical publications related to quality consistently and thoroughly		8	4	4





safe des PC6 he/	5. Report any identified breaches in health, ety, and security procedures to the ignated person 5. Identify and correct any hazards that she can deal with safely, competently and hin the limits of his/her authority	4	2	2 0
haz wit	7. Promptly and accurately report any ards that he/she is not allowed to deal h to the relevant person and warn other ople who may be affected	4	4	0
	 Follow the organisation's emergency cedures promptly, calmly, and efficiently 	4	4	0
for	 Identify and recommend opportunities improving health, safety, and security to designated person 	4	4	0
	IO. Complete any health and safety records bly and accurately	4	4	0
	Total	50	32	18
Grand Total-2	(Soft Skills and Communication)		100	
	Detailed Break Up of Marks			Theory
	Subject Domain			Pick all NOS totalling 80 marks
National Occupational Standards (NOS)	Performance Criteria	(PC)		Weightage
1.HSS / N 2701 : Collect and assess the patient's	PC1. Read and understand the patients' rep	oorts		
chart and vitals	PC2. Take measurements of non-invasive b temperature, body weight, breathing rate a parameters, as appropriate	lood pressure, b	•	
	PC3. Recognise the levels of vital paramete can be performed safely	rs under which d	lialysis	5
	PC4. Identify and manage potential and act and safety of work	ual risks to the q	uality	
	PC5. Maintain competence within one's rol	e and field of pra	actice	
	PC6. Evaluate and reflect on the quality of o	ane's work and n	naka	







and assemble the	PC1. Needs to know and understand the mechanics and functioning of all parts of the dialysis machine being used PC2. Should know how to calibrate the machine without error	
	PC3. Should ensure that the dialysis unit has been sterilised after previous use	
	PC4. Should ensure that all the components required are adequately present	5
	PC5. Should know how to assemble and check the extracorporeal circuit parts i.e. the patient connectors, Dialyzer connectors, Drip chamber and bubble trap, Blood pump segment, Heparin infusion line, and saline infusion line	
	PC1. Maintain patients' privacy	
treatment	PC2. Drape the patient such that it facilitates connecting the patient to the dialysis unit	
	PC3. Explain the need to dress and be placed in particular position for dialysis to patient	
	PC4. Perform actions gently to avoid causing pain specially taking care to not disturb any catheters, IV lines already present	10
_	PC5. Keep the patient in a comfortable posture	
	PC6. Provide the appropriate linen including covering sheet depending on the patient (male, female, child) and should know from where to obtain the same	
machine	PC1. Use standard protocols for inserting IV lines and making connections to prevent infection and reduce discomfort to the patient	
	PC2. Understand how to utilise existing catheters for performing dialysis	10
	PC3. Be aware of the protocol of starting the dialysis	
	PC4. Minimise inconvenience and pain for the patient while performing the procedure	
Monitor technical/	PC1. Understand the various indicators, alarms and sensors of the dialysis machine	
clinical vitals during the	PC2. Know the corrective steps to be taken when a particular alarm goes off	5
	PC3. Be alert and quick in his/her responses	







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	PC4. Know whom and how to inform in case of medical emergency	
6.HSS/ N 2706: Unhook	PC1. Know when dialysis is completed	
patient from the	PC2. Detach all connections between patient and unit	
machine	PC3. Carefully remove IV cannulas with minimum discomfort to patient	5
	PC4. Suitably dress the canola/ catheter to keep it sterile and pain- free for future use if the doctor/nurse instructs	5
	PC5. Understand needs of the patient and help them to be comfortable	
HSS / N 2707 : Record the treatment	PC1. Follow the right format for documenting the dialysis on the patient's chart	
	PC2. Record the components/ constituents and their quantities used	5
	PC3. Understand the importance of documenting the procedure on the patient's chart	-
	PC4. Record the quantity and type of constituents like dialysate, acid mixture etc. used during the process	
HSS/ N 2708: Conduct	PC1. Read and understand the patients' reports	
pre and post dialysis evaluation	PC2. Take measurements of non-invasive blood pressure, body temperature, body weight, breathing rate and/or other vital parameters, as appropriate	
	PC3. Recognise the levels of vital parameters under which dialysis can be performed safely	5
	PC4. Be alert in noticing any change or distress in the patient during or after dialysis	
	PC5. Communicate effectively with patient, doctors and nurses to enable quick remedial action	
	PC6. Document the changes as per protocol	
HSS/ N 2709: Maintain	PC1. Clean up any spillage	
and disinfect the delivery system	PC2. Know when the dialysate, dialyzer or other constituents need to be replaced	
	PC3. Follow standard sterilisation and cleaning procedure for the unit	5
	PC4. Disinfect dialysis machine according to the manufacturer's recommendations	
	PC5. The dialysate circuit should be exposed to disinfectant	
HSS/ N 2710: Evaluate and prepare the site for	PC1. Describe the three main types of vascular access (fistulae, grafts and catheters)	5







cannulation	PC2. Identify the predialysis assessments for all types of vascular access.
	PC3. Describe the methods of needle insertion for AVFs and grafts.
	PC4. Describe the predialysis assessment, accessing procedure, exit site care, and monitoring of catheters
	PC5. Describe how fistulae are created and the pros and cons of these
	PC6. Assess the maturity of a fistula
	PC7. Describe how grafts are created and the pros and cons of these
	PC8. Describe how catheters are placed and the various methods of catheter placement (both short and long term)
	PC9. Describe the pros and cons of catheters
	PC10. Describe the types of catheter and port/catheter devices
	PC11. Assess a fistula or graft prior to each treatment by inspecting (looking for infection, steal syndrome, stenosis, etc.), auscultating (listening for bruit and deep access location), and palpating (feeling for skin temperature, thrill, stenosis, vein diameter etc.) the access
	PC12. Assess the blood flow before inserting a needle into the fistula/ graft
	PC13. Assess catheters prior to dialysis treatment
	PC14. Describe the considerations for accessing catheters and cleansing exit sites
	PC15. Describe the various methods for preparing a patient's skin for cannulation
	PC16. Prepare a patient's skin for cannulation using anti-bacterial solutions
	PC17. Apply a tourniquet
	PC18. Select a site for cannulation and insert a needle into the patient's vein
	PC19. Understand the concept of Antegrade and retrograde needle direction
	PC20. Understand how to rotate cannulation sites for fistulae and grafts
	PC21. Secure needles after insertion







	PC22. Describe common complications that occur due to: a. Fistulae, grafts and catheters b) b. Poor needle site rotation, c) c. Dialysis	
	PC23. Monitor catheters during the treatments	
	PC24. Describe post-dialysis care for fistulae, catheters and grafts	
HSS/ N 2711: Respond	PC1. Clean up any spillage	
to dialysis related emergencies in patient and equipment	PC2. Know when the dialysate, dialyzer or other constituents need to be replaced	
	PC3. Follow standard sterilisation and cleaning procedure for the unit	5
	PC4. Disinfect dialysis machine according to the manufacturer's recommendations	
	PC5. The dialysate circuit should be exposed to disinfectant	
HSS/ N 2712: Reprocess	PC1. Clean up any spillage	
dialyserstreatment guidelines.	PC2. Know when the dialysate, dialyzer or other constituents need to be replaced	
	PC3. Follow standard sterilisation and cleaning procedure for the unit	5
	PC4. Disinfect dialysis machine according to the manufacturer's recommendations	
	PC5. The dialysate circuit should be exposed to disinfectant	
HSS/ N 2713: Operate	PC1. Check the incoming water temperature	
and maintain water treatment plant	PC2. Look around the RO(reverse osmosis) system for any visible fluid leaks	
	PC3. Check and record the pressure gauge	
	PC4. Measure and record the pressures before and after the endotoxin filter	
	PC5. Record all checks, including time and initials, on the Daily Dialysis Water Equipment Monitoring Log Sheet	
	PC6. Check and record the pump, reject, and product pressures	5
	PC7. Check and record the recycle, waste, and permeate flow rates	
	PC8. Check and record the inlet and permeate conductivities	
	PC9. Read the RO monitor and record the conductivity and percent rejection	-
	PC10. Check and record the pump run hours	
	PC11. Check the multi-media sediment filter	
	PC12. Measure and record the pressures before and after the multi- media filter	







	PC13. Check the water softener	
	PC14. Measure and record the pressures before and after the water softener	
	PC15. Check and record the setting for the regeneration timer. The timer should be set to activate when the facility, especially the RO, is not operating	
	PC16. Check the brine tank	
HSS/ N 9610 (Follow infection control policies and	PC1. Preform the standard precautions to prevent the spread of infection in accordance with organisation requirements	
procedures)	PC2. Preform the additional precautions when standard precautions alone may not be sufficient to prevent transmission of infection	
	PC3. Minimise contamination of materials, equipment and instruments by aerosols and splatter	
	PC4. Identify infection risks and implement an appropriate response within own role and responsibility	
	PC5. Document and report activities and tasks that put patients and/or other workers at risk	
	PC6. Respond appropriately to situations that pose an infection risk in accordance with the policies and procedures of the organization	
	PC7. Follow procedures for risk control and risk containment for specific risks	
	PC8. Follow protocols for care following exposure to blood or other body fluids as required	5
	PC9. Place appropriate signs when and where appropriate	
	PC10. Remove spills in accordance with the policies and procedures of the organization	
	PC11. Maintain hand hygiene by washing hands before and after patient contact and/or after any activity likely to cause contamination	
	PC12. Follow hand washing procedures	
	PC13. Implement hand care procedures	
	PC14. Cover cuts and abrasions with water-proof dressings and change as necessary	
	PC15. Wear personal protective clothing and equipment that complies with Indian Standards, and is appropriate for the intended use	
	PC16. Change protective clothing and gowns/aprons daily, more frequently if soiled and where appropriate, after each patient contact	







National Occupational Standards (NOS)	Performance Criteria (PC)	Weightage
	Soft Skills and Communication	Select all NOS totalling 20
	Grand Total-1 (Subject Domain)	80
	PC31. Maintain and store cleaning equipment	
	PC30. Replace surface covers where applicable	
	PC29. Dry all work surfaces before and after use	1
	PC28. Decontaminate equipment requiring special processing in accordance with quality management systems to ensure full compliance with cleaning, disinfection and sterilisation protocols	
	PC27. Clean all work surfaces with a neutral detergent and warm water solution before and after each session or when visibly soiled	
	PC26. Remove all dust, dirt and physical debris from work surfaces	
	procedures of the organisation and legislative requirements PC25. Wear personal protective clothing and equipment during cleaning procedures	
	to reduce the risk to the environment from accidental release PC24. Dispose of waste safely in accordance with policies and	
	PC23. Handle, package, label, store, transport and dispose of waste appropriately to minimise potential for contact with the waste and	
	PC22. Store clinical or related waste in an area that is accessible only to authorised persons	
	PC21. Separate waste at the point where it has been generated and dispose of into waste containers that are colour coded and identified	
	PC20. Wear appropriate personal protective clothing and equipment in accordance with occupational health and safety policies and procedures when handling waste	
	PC19. Confine contaminated instruments and equipment to a well- designated contaminated zone	
	PC18. Confine records, materials and medicaments to a well- designated clean zone	
	PC17. Demarcate and maintain clean and contaminated zones in all aspects of health care work	







1. Attitude		
HSS/ N 9603 (Act within the limits of one's	PC1. Adhere to legislation, protocols and guidelines relevant to one's role and field of practice	
competence and authority)	PC2. Work within organisational systems and requirements as appropriate to one's role	
	PC3. Recognise the boundary of one's role and responsibility and seek supervision when situations are beyond one's competence and authority	
	PC4. Maintain competence within one's role and field of practice	Λ
	PC5. Use relevant research based protocols and guidelines as evidence to inform one's practice	4
	PC6. Promote and demonstrate good practice as an individual and as a team member at all times	
	PC7. Identify and manage potential and actual risks to the quality and safety of practice	
	PC8. Evaluate and reflect on the quality of one's work and make continuing improvements	
2. Team Work		
HSS/ N 9604 (Work	PC1. Communicate with other people clearly and effectively	
effectively with others)	PC2. Integrate one's work with other people's work effectively	
	PC3. Pass on essential information to other people on timely basis	
	PC4. Work in a way that shows respect for other people	_
	PC5. Carry out any commitments made to other people	4
	PC6. Reason out the failure to fulfil commitment	
	PC7. Identify any problems with team members and other people	
	and take the initiative to solve these problems	
	PC8. Follow the organisation's policies and procedures	
3. Safety management		
HSS/ N 9606 (Maintain a safe, healthy, and	PC1. Identify individual responsibilities in relation to maintaining workplace health safety and security requirements	
secure working environment)	PC2. Comply with health, safety and security procedures for the workplace	4
	PC3. Report any identified breaches in health, safety, and security procedures to the designated person	







	PC4. Identify potential hazards and breaches of safe work practices	
	PC5. Correct any hazards that individual can deal with safely, competently and within the limits of authority	
	PC6. Promptly and accurately report the hazards that individual is not allowed to deal with, to the relevant person and warn other people who may get affected	
	PC7. Follow the organisation's emergency procedures promptly, calmly, and efficiently	
	PC8. Identify and recommend opportunities for improving health, safety, and security to the designated person	
	PC9. Complete any health and safety records legibly and accurately	
4. Waste Management		
HSS/ N 9609 (Follow biomedical waste disposal protocols)	PC1. Follow the appropriate procedures, policies and protocols for the method of collection and containment level according to the waste type	
	PC2. Apply appropriate health and safety measures and standard precautions for infection prevention and control and personal protective equipment relevant to the type and category of waste	
	PC3. Segregate the waste material from work areas in line with current legislation and organisational requirements	
	PC4. Segregation should happen at source with proper containment, by using different colour coded bins for different categories of waste	
	PC5. Check the accuracy of the labelling that identifies the type and content of waste	4
	PC6. Confirm suitability of containers for any required course of action appropriate to the type of waste disposal	
	PC7. Check the waste has undergone the required processes to make it safe for transport and disposal	
	PC8. Transport the waste to the disposal site, taking into consideration its associated risks	
	PC9. Report and deal with spillages and contamination in accordance with current legislation and procedures	
	PC10. Maintain full, accurate and legible records of information and store in correct location in line with current legislation, guidelines, local policies and protocols	







	Grand Total-2 (Soft Skills and Comunication)	20
	PC10. Complete any health and safety records legibly and accurately	
	PC9. Identify and recommend opportunities for improving health, safety, and security to the designated person	
	PC8. Follow the organisation's emergency procedures promptly, calmly, and efficiently	
	PC7. Promptly and accurately report any hazards that he/she is not allowed to deal with to the relevant person and warn other people who may be affected	
	PC6. Identify and correct any hazards that he/she can deal with safely, competently and within the limits of his/her authority	4
	PC5. Report any identified breaches in health, safety, and security procedures to the designated person	
	PC4. Read Dental hygiene, dental and medical publications related to quality consistently and thoroughly	
	PC3. Participate in education programs which include current techniques, technology and trends pertaining to the dental industry	
and assure quality	PC2. Evaluate potential solutions thoroughly	
HSS/ N 9611: Monitor	PC1. Conduct appropriate research and analysis	